Reports to the
2008 ICMI General Assembly

From the

Bulletin of the
International Commission on
Mathematical Instruction

No. 62

June 2008
Election of the 2010-20012 Executive Committee of ICMI — The Slate of Candidates

The ICMI Nominating Committee, chaired by Jeremy Kilpatrick, has announced in April 2008 the composition of the slate of candidates it has formed for the election of the 2010-2012 ICMI Executive Committee:

President: William (Bill) Barton (New Zealand)
Secretary-General: Jaime Carvalho e Silva (Portugal)
Vice Presidents: Angel Ruiz (Costa Rica), Mina Teicher (Israel)
Members-at-Large (7 candidates for 5 posts):
- Maria G. (Mariolina) Bartolini Bussi (Italy)
- Sung Je Cho (Korea)
- Roger Howe (USA)
- Lubomir Lilov (Bulgaria)
- Peter D. Taylor (Canada)
- Renuka Vithal (South Africa)
- Zhang Yingbo (China)

The election of this ICMI EC will take place during the General Assembly of ICMI, to be held on July 6, 2008, in Monterrey, México, on the occasion of ICME-11. Because of the transition of the election from the IMU GA to the ICMI GA, the term of this Executive will be for three years, starting on January 1, 2010.

In accordance with the Procedures for Election of ICMI, the ICMI Nominating Committee has listed a unique candidate for each of the four positions of ICMI officers (President, Secretary-General, and two Vice-Presidents) and seven nominees for the five positions of Members-at-Large.

This ICMI Nominating Committee Slate is the result of trying to take into account the richness of the expertise on which ICMI rests, while reflecting the geographical and cultural diversity of the ICMI community and aiming at achieving various equilibria, in particular about gender.

The reader is reminded that 2008 ICMI Nominating Committee was originally composed as follows: Jeremy Kilpatrick (*Chair*, USA), Michèle Artigue (*ICMI President*, France), László Lovász (*IMU President*, Hungary), Attia Ashour (Egypt), Lee Peng Yee (Singapore), Elon Lima (Brazil), Evgenia Sendova (Bulgaria). However Elon Lima later withdrew from the Committee.

**Bernard R. Hodgson,** Secretary-General of ICMI
bhodgson@mat.ulaval.ca
1. Organisation
A new Executive Committee (EC) of the International Commission on Mathematical Instruction (ICMI) was elected at the General Assembly of the International Mathematical Union (IMU) held in Santiago de Compostela (Spain) in August 2006 and has taken charge as of January 1, 2007. Among the members of the previous Executive Committee, three were re-elected: Professor Michèle Artigue becoming President, Professor Jill Adler being re-elected as Vice-President and Professor Bernard R. Hodgson as Secretary-General. The incoming members of the 2007-2009 Executive Committee of ICMI are: Professor William (Bill) Barton as Vice-President and Professors Maria G. (Mariolina) Bartolini Bussi, Jaime Carvalho e Silva, Celia Hoyles, S. Kumaresan and Alexei L. Semenov as Members-at-Large. The Terms of Reference of ICMI allowing the co-option of up to two additional members on the EC “in order to provide for missing coverage or representation”, Frederick Koon-Shing Leung (Hong Kong) was later co-opted as an additional member of the EC, thus making him a member of the Executive Committee for a second consecutive term. The Past ICMI President, Hyman Bass, as well as the President and Secretary of IMU, László Lovász and Martin Grötschel, are ex officio members of the 2007-2009 ICMI EC. The new Executive Committee expressed its sincere thanks to the outgoing members of the previous EC: Professors Carmen Batanero, Maria Falk de Losada, Nikolai Dolbilin, Peter L. Galbraith and Petar S. Kenderov (Members-at-Large), and John M. Ball and Phillip Griffiths (ex officio).

During the period covered by this quadrennial report, the 2003-2006 Executive Committee of ICMI had meetings on the following dates:
- February 11-12, 2004, in Dortmund, Germany, on the occasion of the Study Conference for ICMI Study 14
• July 2-4, 2004 — with the participation of John Ball, President of the International Mathematical Union —, as well as on July 11, on the occasion of ICME-10 held in Copenhagen, Denmark, during the ICME-10 congress
• June 19-22, 2005, at the University of the Witwatersrand in Johannesburg, South Africa, just prior to the First Africa Regional Congress of ICMI
• December 15-18, 2005, at the Indira Gandhi National Open University in New Delhi, India — a National Conference on Mathematics Education was held at the National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT), in New Delhi, in conjunction with the ICMI EC visit
• November 18-21, 2006 in Cartagena de las Indias, Colombia, for the sixth and final meeting of that EC mainly devoted to the preparation of the transition to the next ICMI EC — on the occasion of their visit to Colombia, the members of the ICMI EC took part in a Forum on the theme “Mathematical Competencies in Higher Education” organized by the Colombian Ministry of Higher Education on November 22-24 in Bogotá.

The new (2007-2009) Executive Committee of ICMI has its first meeting at the London Knowledge Lab (London, UK) on June 13-16, 2007, with the participation of the newly elected President of the International Mathematical Union (IMU), László Lovász. As this was the first face-to-face session of all the members of this EC, the meeting was launched by a discussion of the mission of ICMI. Themes that were mentioned included: the importance of retaining strong links with the mother organisation of ICMI, the IMU; the international nature of ICMI and a recognition of different challenges in different countries; the importance of the “Pipeline” project (see item 7 below); the need to work on a regional basis; the value of ICMI Studies; and the need to establish sound administrative and financial foundations for the organisation. The second meeting of the 2007-2009 EC took place in Rome on March 4 and 9, 2008, on the occasion of the symposium celebrating the Centennial of the Commission. This meeting was also partially attended by the President of the IMU, László Lovász, and by IMU Vice-President Claudio Procesi. Besides these meetings, the work of the ECs during the period covered in this report was conducted by electronic communication under the direction of the Presidents and the Secretary-General.

As the workload incumbent to the Executive has considerably increased in recent years, the two ICMI ECs have made substantial efforts concerning personal responsibilities of their members and towards a greater sharing of the duties among the committee.

Throughout the years covered in this report, the President and Secretary-General of ICMI have been in regular email contact with the President and Secretary of IMU on various issues related to ICMI. In order to facilitate direct contacts between the Executive Committees of the two organisations and as part of the decisions concerning the distribution of responsibilities among its members, the Executive Committee of IMU has appointed one of its members, Victor A. Vassiliev, to be the IMU Representative for ICMI for the period 2004-2006, and both Cheryl Praeger and Victor A. Vassiliev for the period 2007-2010. The IMU Representatives are invited to attend the ICMI Executive meetings, but the President and Secretary of IMU remain ex officio members of the ICMI EC. Moreover the President and Secretary-General of ICMI were invited for part of the meeting of the Executive Committee of IMU held in Rio de Janeiro on April 22, 2005. In addition to allowing the IMU EC members to receive a report on ICMI and its activities, this meeting was the occasion for
discussing specific issues such as the difficult financial situation of ICMI and the possible collaboration of ICMI to IMU initiative towards developing countries. It also allowed to examine concerns expressed by the IMU EC about the situation of students of mathematics at the university level and to identify a joint action of IMU and ICMI on this matter, the so-called “Pipeline” project (see item 7 below).

Since the last General Assembly of ICMI, held at ICME-10 in Copenhagen on July 9, 2004, there have been a certain number of changes in the **ICMI membership**. Two countries that were already members of ICMI, *Indonesia* and *Pakistan*, have been admitted to IMU as of January 1, 2005. Moreover *Ecuador* and *Kyrgyzstan* have acquired in 2007 the status, newly created at the 2006 General Assembly of IMU, of “Associate members” of IMU — in contrast to ordinary membership, this new type of membership does not need independent scientific activity, but it is assumed that IMU Associate member is determined to develop its mathematical landscape and has the will to become an IMU member after four to eight years of associate membership. Contacts with the two Associate members have been established and they were invited to appoint a Representative to ICMI. During 2007, as a consequence of the end of the union between the republics of Serbia and of Montenegro, the corresponding membership in the IMU (and thus in ICMI) was changed from *Serbia and Montenegro* to *Serbia*. Finally, as of January 1, 2008, *Colombia*, became a member of IMU. The number of countries members of ICMI at the time of this report is thus 84, including 14 countries that are not members of IMU.

Out of these 84 countries, 13 had no appointed **Representative to ICMI**: *Bosnia and Herzegovina*, *Brunei Darussalam*, *Colombia*, *Ghana*, *Kazakhstan*, *Kuwait*, *Kyrgyzstan*, *Pakistan*, *Peru*, *Saudi Arabia*, *Turkey*, *Uruguay* and *Zambia*. Among the remaining 71 countries, there were 5 where the ICMI Representative could not be reached by email: *Bangladesh*, *Botswana*, *Costa Rica*, *Malawi* and *Swaziland* — a rather negative signal as regards the level of activity of the Representative from that country. All this represents a substantial improvement since 2003 and the efforts launched at that time by the ICMI Executive Committee in order to reinforce the links and improve communication between ICMI and its member countries, each EC member being directly responsible for a few countries, have begun to bear fruits. Over the last four years, 42 new ICMI Representatives have been appointed, which is definitely a very positive outcome, especially considering the important role to be played from 2008 onwards by the ICMI General Assembly in the election of the ICMI Executive Committee. Nevertheless, more than 15 representatives have been appointed more than a decade ago, which does not respect Resolution 5 adopted by the 1990 General Assembly of the IMU held in Kobe, Japan, and stipulating that “All Adhering Organizations are reminded that they should review their national representation on ICMI and that normally national representatives should not be asked to serve for more than two consecutive four-year terms”.

The new ICMI Executive has resumed the discussion launched by the previous EC about the possibility of asking **dues** from the members of ICMI that are not members of IMU. Besides a basic issue of equity of treatment, this matter is connected both to the outreach aims of ICMI, in particular as regards non-affluent countries, as well as to the difficulties in maintaining a stable and reliable database as regards the official links with the non-IMU members of ICMI. This question has been
raised explicitly for consideration by ICMI by the IMU, which collects the funds it gives to ICMI mainly through the dues paid by its members. The discussion is still ongoing.

During the period 2004-2007, an average of about fifteen collective e-mail messages were sent every year by the Secretary-General to the ICMI Representatives. Most of these messages provided general information on ICMI and its activities and were intended for further dissemination within each country. But others were giving information more specific to the ICMI representatives (vg in preparation for the ICMI General Assembly held during ICME-10 and ICME-11) or asking for input from the representatives.

As reported in the 2000-2004 Report of Activities (see ICMI Bulletin No. 54, June 2004, pp. 32-48), the IMU Executive Committee had received from the 2002 General Assembly the mandate to make more transparent the whole election procedures for the various elected committees of IMU and to avoid the potential for conflicts of interest in the procedure of selection of slates. In response to the resolution adopted to that effect by the IMU GA, proposals for new rules of appointment of the Nominating Committee for the ICMI election were drafted by the IMU EC and sent to the ICMI EC during 2003. The ICMI EC concluded that these proposals of IMU did not pay sufficient attention to the specificity of ICMI and were de facto moving away from a context where the ICMI community could play a significant role in the selection of its governing body. Discussions on this issue were pursued in 2003 and early 2004, and finalised during the meeting of the ICMI Executive Committee held just prior to ICME-10 — this allowed for an announcement to be made at the General Assembly of ICMI, held during ICME-10 in Copenhagen, about the procedure agreed by the IMU and ICMI ECs. A major effect of this change, which is quite historic for ICMI, is that the actual election of the ICMI EC will be in the hands of the ICMI GA, starting with the 2008 GA to be held during ICME-11. However any future amendments to the proposed procedure will still be under the jurisdiction of the GA of IMU. A first report on the new election procedure for ICMI, which then still needed to be approved by the IMU General Assembly to he held in Santiago de Compostela, Spain, in August 2006, just prior to the ICM, can be found in the ICMI Bulletin No. 55, December 2004, pp. 18-22.

Part of the 2004 agreement (see under “Transition Process”, p. 22 in the ICMI Bulletin No. 55, December 2004) was that the new election process would be used for the 2006 election, but necessarily on an informal basis (pending approval of the new proposed procedures and structures at the 2006 IMU General Assembly). Consequently a Nominating Committee of ICMI was set up for the 2006 election, with a mandate to prepare the selection of the slate of candidates for the ICMI Executive Committee, but operating informally as an advisory body to the IMU Executive Committee. A call for nomination of candidates to the ICMI Nominating Committee was made in October 2004 to the IMU Adhering Organisations and Committees for Mathematics as well as to the ICMI Representatives. This Nominating Committee was composed of Mogens Niss (Chair), John Ball, Hyman Bass, Victor Vassiliev, Tomas Recio, Günter Törner and Lim-Teo Suat Khoh. A call for nomination of candidates to the 2007-2009 ICMI Executive Committee was made in August 2005 to the IMU Adhering Organisations and Committees for Mathematics as well as to the ICMI Representatives. The Chair of the ICMI Nominating Committee for the 2006 election attended the IMU General Assembly in order to present the slate of candidates proposed by the Committee. This
The slate appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 58, June 2006, and the results of the elections in the December 2006 issue (No. 59).

Following the agreement made in 2000 with the IMU EC, the President and Secretary-General of ICMI were invited as *ex officio observers* to the 2006 General Assembly of IMU. This allowed them to present to the delegates the principles and detailed content of the new procedure for the election of the Executive Committee of ICMI as agreed upon by the IMU and ICMI ECs in 2004 and fine-tuned in 2006, in particular as regards the fact that this election will from now on take place at the General Assembly of ICMI. The new procedure provoked some discussion during the meeting but was finally adopted by the IMU Assembly. A report on that matter appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 59, December 2006.

Due to the short delay between the adoption of the new election rules for the ICMI EC at the 2006 IMU GA and the deadlines for submission of candidatures for the 2008 election, the invitation to the IMU Adhering Organisations, Committees for Mathematics, and ICMI Representatives, to nominate candidates to the *Nominating Committee of ICMI* to be set up for the 2008 election and to the 2010-2012 ICMI Executive Committee itself, was exceptionally made in the same email call, sent in January 2007. This 2008 ICMI Nominating Committee was originally composed of Jeremy Kilpatrick (USA), chair, Michèle Artigue (France), László Lovász (Hungary), Attia Ashour (Egypt), Lee Peng Yee (Singapore), Elon Lima (Brazil) and Evgenia Sendova (Bulgaria). But Elon Lima later withdrew from the Committee. The Nominating Committee slate will be presented by the Chair of the ICMI Nominating Committee at the ICMI General Assembly to be held in July 2008. It is found elsewhere in this issue of the *ICMI Bulletin*.

During the 2006 final discussions about the new election procedures, a clause was introduced stipulating, in accordance with the IMU tradition, that the President of ICMI should serve for only one term (plus a term as Past President). The *Terms of Reference* of ICMI have been amended by the IMU Executive Committee in February 2007, so the reflect both the fact that the ICMI EC is henceforth elected by the ICMI General Assembly (instead of the IMU GA) and that the term as President of ICMI is becoming non-renewable.

During 2004, the ICMI community was saddened by the sudden decease on April 14 of Miguel de Guzmán, former President of ICMI (1991-1998). Also former Executive Committee members Igor Sharygin (1999-2002), Hans-Georg Steiner (1975-78) and Jacobus H. van Lint (1987-1994) passed away in 2004. *In memoriam* testimonies were respectively published in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 54, June 2004, pp. 70-81, and No. 55, December 2004, pp. 67-84.

2. Finances

In accordance with its Terms of Reference, ICMI files every year a *financial report* for the endorsement of the IMU. These annual reports on ICMI accounts are published yearly in the *ICMI Bulletin*. A summary of the financial situation of ICMI for the years 2004-2008 appears elsewhere in this issue of the *Bulletin*.
Since the transition of the ICMI secretariat to Québec, in 1999, ICMI assets have been deposited in two **bank accounts** at the Caisse populaire Desjardins de l’Université Laval, Cité universitaire, Québec (account No. 68 033, in CAD, and account No. 800 394, in USD). Moreover in 2007, considering the assets already available in Canadian and US dollars and the important fluctuation of various currencies, it was felt appropriate to have the 2007 annual grant of IMU transferred to ICMI in euros. A third bank account, in EUR, was thus opened during 2007 at the HSBC Bank of Canada, 2795 boul. Laurier, Québec (account no. 23-0126-X).

3. ICMEs

The 10th International Congress on Mathematical Education, **ICME-10**, was held at the Technical University of Denmark (DTU) in Copenhagen, Denmark, from July 4 to 11, 2004. This congress was organised through a collaboration of neighbouring countries (the Nordic countries Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway, Sweden), a first in the life of ICMI. The congress ICME-10 was attended by 2394 participants from 94 different countries. There were also 389 accompanying persons or exhibitors. The International Program Committee, chaired by Professor Mogens Niss, Roskilde University, had proposed a rich and intensive scientific programme, some components of which — such as the Plenary Interview Session or the five so-called Survey Teams — were highly innovative and very well received. The infrastructure and logistic support offered by the organizers were of excellent quality. The tradition instigated at ICME-8 of imposing a “Solidarity Tax” on all registrations was repeated at ICME-10. It had been announced in the Second Announcement of the congress that an ICME-10 Solidarity Fund would be established to provide support to participants from non-affluent countries by setting aside 10% all the registrations fees. The organisers of ICME-10 finally distributed more than 11% of the registrations fees, thus allowing them to provide support to 175 participants coming from 55 different countries. The distribution of the money generated for the Fund was made by a Grants Committee, jointly appointed by the congress organisers and the ICMI Executive Committee, which worked autonomously and anonymously, as is customary, in order to minimize potential problems of pressure. During the closing session of ICME-10, the ICMI Executive Committee expressed its gratitude and appreciation to four Nordic colleagues who played key leadership roles towards the success of the congress: the Chair of the Nordic Contact Committee, Professor Gerd Brandell; the Administrative Secretary to the Local Organising Committee and to the International Programme Committee, Ms. Elin Emborg; the Chair of the Local Organising Committee, Professor Morten Blomhøj; and finally the Chair of the International Programme Committee and in many ways the heart of the ICME-10 adventure, Professor Mogens Niss. Progress on the Proceedings of ICME-10 has been delayed due to health problems of a key member of the editorial team, so that the publication is expected to take place just prior to ICME-11. Information about ICME-10 is still available on the website http://www.icme10.dk/

The next International Congress on Mathematical Education, **ICME-11**, will be held on the campus of the Universidad Autónoma de Nuevo León (UANL) in Monterrey, México, from July 6 to 13, 2008. The International Program Committee is chaired by Professor Marcela Santillán, Rectora at the Universidad Pedagógica Nacional in México, and the Local Organising Committee by Professor Carlos Signoret, Head of the Department of Mathematics at the Universidad Autónoma Metropolitana — Iztapalapa in México. The local preparation of ICME-11 benefits from the strong support of the
Sociedad Matemática Mexicana. The composition of the IPC was finalised early in 2005 and is announced in the June 2005, No. 56, issue of the *ICMI Bulletin*. The IPC had its first meeting in Mexico City in 2005, from October 29 to November 1st. One member of the Committee was denied entrance to Mexico on that occasion, and the President of ICMI wrote to the Mexican Secretary of State to ensure that such a dismissal would not happen again in connection with ICME-11. The case was also referred, in collaboration with IMU, to the Committee on Freedom and Responsibility in the Conduct of Science (CFRCS) of the International Council for Science (ICSU). The second and final meeting of the IPC took place in Monterrey on January 27-30, 2007. Following the tradition started at ICME-8, in 1996, the organisers have adhered to the general policy of ICMI of forming a solidarity fund established by setting aside 10% of the registrations fees for grants. These grants aim at facilitating a balanced representation from all over the world, among presenters as well as among general participants, by assisting delegates from non-affluent countries to attend the congress. Up-to-date information about ICME-11 is available on the website http://icme11.org/.

An official call for bids to host **ICME-12** in 2012 was made by the Secretary-General of ICMI during the closing session of ICME-10. This call also appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* (No. 55, December 2004, pp. 11-12). Three countries, namely (in alphabetical order) China, Korea and South Africa, first responded in 2005 to the invitation of informing the ICMI Executive Committee by a declaration of intent that they were considering preparing a proposal to host ICME-12, and finally submitted official bids by the deadline of November 2006. The Executive Committee has organised site visits to the three countries early in 2007, the ICMI visiting committee being composed of President Michèle Artigue, Vice-President Bill Barton and Secretary-General Bernard R. Hodgson. The visits took place in March 2007 (Shanghai and Seoul) and May 2007 (Durban) and allowed the Executive Committee to appreciate the quality of the local infrastructure, the support the project was receiving in the country as well as the expertise of the organising team. The bids were thoroughly discussed by the ICMI EC at its meeting in London in June 2007, which led to requests for additional pieces of information from the bidding countries. The final decision was made by the EC through an email discussion that took place between October and December 2007. The high quality of the three proposed bids made the EC decision task especially difficult. The ICMI Executive Committee announced by the end of 2007 its decision of accepting the invitation from Korea to host ICME-12 in 2012. The congress is expected to take place in the COEX Convention Centre, in Seoul, on July 8-15, 2012. A Korean delegation will be present at ICME-11 to provide information on the 2012 ICME.

The ICMI Executive Committee has expressed its deepest gratitude to the mathematics education and mathematics communities in the three bidding countries, and especially to the three persons who chaired the committees that prepared the bids, namely Professors Jianpan Wang (China), Sung Je Cho (Korea) and Renuka Vithal (South Africa).

As two members of the ICMI EC — namely Vice-President Jill Adler (South Africa) and Member-at-Large Frederick Leung (China / Hong Kong) — are from one of the countries having submitted a bid for ICME-12, a decision had to be made about how to avoid any conflict of interest, or appearances of such conflict. The following two principles were agreed upon by the EC and made known publicly: (i) at no point should an EC member from a bidding country participate in any discussion relating to evaluation of the bids, or have access to information about the competing bids; (ii) no EC member
may be a member of the committee that formally presents a bid to ICMI (although an EC member could be involved in the reflection leading to the decision by a country to submit or not a bid).

The book of Proceedings of ICME-9 has appeared in 2004. The data for the book are:

The book is accompanied by a CD. However a problem occurred in the production of the CD. It is stated in the Preface of the book (p. xii) that “the CD part of these Proceedings contains, in addition to files for the whole content of the book part, vivid scenes of the ceremonies and the IRT, full texts of regular lectures if available, and some scientific animation etc.” As it turns out the “whole content of the book part” was absent from the accompanying CD, as were the “full texts of the regular lectures if available”. The congress organizers decided to issue a revised and complete version of the CD, to be sent to all ICME-9 participants. The production of the revised version of the CD, originally planned for 2005, met with some delay, but the shipping of the new CD finally took place by the end of June 2006.

4. ICMI Studies
The mounting and conducting of so-called ICMI Studies on crucial themes and issues in mathematics education were continued in the years 2004-2008. As a result of the merger in 2004 of Kluwer Academic Publishers with BertelsmannSpringer, the ICMI Study Volumes published in the “New ICMI Study Series” (NISS), under the general editorship of the President and the Secretary-General of ICMI, now appear under the label of Springer.

As reported in the previous quadrennial report, the ICMI EC launched, at its June 2003 meeting, a reflection on the ICMI Study programme and its accomplishments since its inception, in the mid 1980s. The Studies being concretely reflected in the Study volumes appearing in the NISS series, the ICMI EC had invited Stephen Lerman (London South Bank University) to review and analyse the research papers published in the NISS Study volumes. The report was received in 2005, suggesting some slight modifications in the overall organisation of the Study programme. After a period of reflection and discussion, the EC finalised at its November 2006 meeting its work on the Lerman report. EC member Peter Galbraith has written on behalf of the Executive Committee a paper summarising the recommendations of the EC on this account for the benefit of co-chairs of future Studies. This document appears in the December 2006 (No. 59) issue of the ICMI Bulletin.

During the period 2004-2007, three new volumes have appeared in the New ICMI Study Series:
• ICMI Study 12: The Future of the Teaching and Learning of Algebra
  The Study Conference was held in Melbourne, Australia, in December 2001, and the resulting study volume has appeared in 2004; eds: Kaye Stacey, Helen Chick and Margaret Kendal. (NISS 8)
• **ICMI Study 13**: *Mathematics Education in Different Cultural Traditions: A Comparative Study of East-Asia and the West*

The Study Conference was held in Hong Kong in October 2002, and the resulting study volume has appeared in 2006; eds: Klaus-Dieter Graf, Frederick K.S. Leung and Francis Lopez-Real. (NISS 9)

• **ICMI Study 14**: *Applications and Modelling in Mathematics Education*

The Study Conference was held in Dortmund, Germany, in February 2004 (see below), and the resulting study volume, entitled *Modelling and Applications in Mathematics Education: The 14th ICMI Study* has appeared in 2007; eds: Werner Blum, Peter Galbraith, Hans-Wolfgang Henn and Mogens Niss. (NISS 10)

Reports on these three studies were presented at ICME-10.

Four **Study conferences** have taken place since 2004:

• **ICMI Study 14**: *Applications and Modelling in Mathematics Education*

The Study Conference for the 14th ICMI Study was held at the Universität Dortmund, Germany, on February 13-17, 2004, and was attended by 90 participants coming from 26 different countries. The IPC, whose composition was announced in the *ICMI Bulletin*, No. 49, December 2000, p. 34, was chaired by Werner Blum, Universität Kassel, Germany. Hans-Wolfgang Henn, Universität Dortmund, chaired the Local Organising Committee. The Discussion Document for this Study was published in various journals and newsletters, including the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 51, December 2002, pp. 23-42, *L’Enseignement Mathématique* 49 (2003) pp. 205-214, and in *Educational Studies in Mathematics* 51 (2002) pp. 149-171. The NISS Study volume (NISS 10) has appeared in 2007 (see above).

• **ICMI Study 15**: *The Professional Education and Development of Teachers of Mathematics*

The Discussion Document for this Study was published in various journals and newsletters, including the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 54, June 2004, pp. 12-23, in *L’Enseignement Mathématique* 50 (2004) pp. 191-200 and in *Educational Studies in Mathematics* 56 (2004) pp. 359-372. The Study Conference was held in Águas de Lindóia, São Paulo, Brazil, on May 15-21, 2005, and was attended by 157 participants (including 94 women) from 33 different countries. The NISS volume is currently in preparation under the editorship of the two co-chairs, Deborah Ball (University of Michigan, USA) and Ruhama Even (Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel), and will appear in 2008 (NISS 11).

• **ICMI Study 16**: *Challenging Mathematics in and beyond the Classroom*

The two co-chairs of the International Programme Committee are Peter J. Taylor (University of Canberra, Australia) and Edward J. Barbeau (University of Toronto, Canada). The Discussion Document for this Study appears in particular in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 55, December 2004, pp. 32-46, in *L’Enseignement Mathématique* 51 (2005) pp. 165-176 and in *Educational Studies in Mathematics* 60 (2005) pp. 125-139. The Study Conference was held at the Norwegian University of Science and Technology, in Trondheim, Norway, on June 27 to July 3, 2006, Ingvill M. Stedsøy being the Chair Local Organising Committee. It was attended by 44 participants from 22 different countries. The NISS volume is in preparation under the editorship of the Study co-chairs Edward J. Barbeau and Peter J. Taylor, and will appear in 2008 (NISS 12).
• **ICMI Study 17:** *Digital Technologies and Mathematics Teaching and Learning: Rethinking the Terrain*
  
  The two co-chairs of the International Programme Committee are Celia Hoyles, University of London, UK, and Jean-Baptiste Lagrange, IUFM de Reims, France. The Discussion Document for this Study appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 57, December 2005, and in *L’Enseignement Mathématique* 51 (2005) pp. 351-363, among others. A short announcement was published in *Educational Studies in Mathematics* 60 (2005) pp. 267-268. The Study Conference was held at Hanoi University of Technology, Viet Nam, on December 3-8, 2006, the Chair of the Local Organising Committee being Le Hung Son. It was attended by 130 participants from 34 different countries, including 36 Vietnamese participants. Moreover it was decided by the local organizers to benefit from this concentration of expertise by organizing a specific workshop associated with the conference and intended for local and regional teachers. The participants to this workshop were offered to attend all the conference activities (plenary lectures, panels, communications and project presentations), except the working group activities more directly devoted to the preparation of the ICMI Study book by the regular conference participants — these group activities were replaced for the workshop participants by three specific laboratory sessions taking place in parallel. The workshop was attended by 44 teachers from Viet Nam, 3 teachers from Cambodia and 2 teachers from Thailand. The Study conference and the workshop were financially supported by the ICMI Solidarity Fund (2 000 USD), IMU Developing Countries Strategy Group — DCSG (5 000 USD) and UNESCO (3 000 USD), as well as by five private sponsors involved in the workshop (9 000 USD altogether). The Study co-chairs Celia Hoyles and Jean-Baptiste Lagrange are responsible for the editorial work on the NISS Study volume (NISS 13).
  
  The Study 17 Conference was saddened by a tragic traffic accident to the opening keynote speaker, Seymour Papert, who was severely injured when hit by a motorcycle while crossing a street on his way to Hanoi University of Technology.

  Report sessions on ICMI Studies 15, 16 and 17 are on the programme of ICME-11.

Two other Study Conferences are soon to take place:

• **ICMI Study 18:** *Statistics Education in School Mathematics: Challenges for Teaching and Teacher Education*
  
  This Study is organised jointly with the International Association for Statistical Education (IASE), and its International Programme Committee, whose composition is announced in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 57, December 2005, is chaired by Carmen Batanero, Universidad de Granada, Spain. The Local Organising Committee is chaired by Blanca Ruiz, of the Instituto Tecnológico y de Estudios Superiores, Monterrey, México. The Study Conference, which is merged with an IASE Round Table Conference, will take place in Monterrey on June 30-July 4, 2008, at the ITESM, as a satellite conference to ICME-11. The IPC had a meeting on the occasion of the ICOTS-7 conference in Salvador de Bahia, Brazil, in July 2006 and the Discussion Document for the Study has been posted on the Study website by mid-September 2006. It also appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 59, December 2006, in *L’Enseignement Mathématique* 53 (2007) pp. 179-191 and in *ZDM* 38 (2006) pp. 506-516. A short announcement also appears in *Educational Studies in Mathematics* 66:1 (2007) — Back Matter (no page number).
• **ICMI Study 19:** *The Role of Mathematical Reasoning and Proving in Mathematics Education*

The International Programme Committee for the 19th ICMI Study is co-chaired by Gila Hanna (University of Toronto, Canada) and Michael de Villiers, (University of KwaZulu-Natal, South Africa). The IPC, whose composition appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 60 (June 2007), met at the Universität Duisburg-Essen, Germany, in November 2007. The Discussion Document for this Study, which was posted on the Study website by the end of 2007, appears in various journals and newsletters, including the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 61, December 2007, the January-June 2008 issue of *L’Enseignement Mathématique* (vol 54) and ZDM 40 (2008) pp. 329-336. A short announcement was also published in *Educational Studies in Mathematics* 67:2 (2008) — Front Matter (no page number). The Study conference will be hosted by the National Taiwan Normal University, Taipei, Taiwan, on May 10-15, 2009, Fou-Lai Lin chairing the Local Organising Committee.

Two **new ICMI Studies** are now just underway, whose themes have been approved by the ICMI EC in 2007:

• **ICMI Study 20:** *Educational Interfaces between Mathematics and Industry* (provisional title)

A new Study concerned with the educational links between mathematics and the industry is now being launched jointly by ICMI and the International Council for Industrial and Applied Mathematics (ICIAM). Both the Board of ICIAM and the Executive of ICMI have recently approved this joint project and appointed Alain Damlamian (Université Paris XII, France) and Rudolf Sträßer (Justus-Liebig-Universität Gießen, Germany) as co-chairs of the Study. José Francisco Rodrigues (Universidade de Lisboa, Portugal) is the organiser of the Study Conference, which will take place in Portugal. The International Programme Committee is now being appointed and the Study Conference is expected to take place early in 2010.

• **ICMI Study 21:** *(Re)Sourcing the Teaching and Learning of Mathematics in Multilingual Contexts* (provisional title)

The ICMI Executive Committee has also approved the launching of another Study on the issues and challenges of multilingual contexts in mathematics education. The International Programme Committee, chaired by Maria do Carmo Santos Domite (Universidade de São Paulo, Brasil) and Mamokgethi Setati (University of South Africa), is now under appointment. The Study Conference is planned for 2010 as well.

Springer has announced in 2006 a new procedure for obtaining the **ICMI discount** on the books published in the NISS series. This discount of 60 % on all NISS series hardbound volumes and of 25 % discount on all softbound volumes within the series is accessible to individuals when purchasing these books for personal use and through the Springer website. Springer has issued Token Numbers to be entered during the online ordering process.

At its June 2007 meeting, the Executive Committee decided to launch a round of negotiation with Springer so to reach a new agreement as regards the **contract for the NISS series**. Among the objectives to achieve in this new contract is an increase in the royalties (currently at 6 %). But more important is the issue of obtaining permission to post the content of the NISS volumes freely accessible on ICMI website after a delay of a certain number of years after the publication of the book. This is becoming even more important in the context of the ICMI Digital Library reported below (item 11).
The tradition had it that the royalties on the NISS volumes were left with the editors of each volume as a token of recognition for the work done in support of the study. At its December 2005 meeting, the ICMI EC decided that from now on, the royalties should be payable to ICMI. This decision has to be seen in the global context of ICMI difficult financial situation, in particular as regards the costs provoked by the organisation of the studies, and is among the approaches that the EC has identified to help improve the long-term financial health of ICMI

5. ICMI Regional Conferences
Since 2004, the following six Regional Conferences were sponsored (financially, morally, or both) by ICMI.

- **AFRICME 1** (the First Africa Regional Congress of ICMI on Mathematical Education) was held at the University of the Witwatersrand in Johannesburg, South Africa, on June 22-25, 2005. The conference was attended by some 180 participants from 23 countries, including in particular the following fourteen African countries: Botswana, Burkina-Faso, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, South Africa, Swaziland, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe. The conference was financially supported by ICMI (3 000 USD) and by IMU Commission on Development and Exchanges (CDE). The latter grant of 10 000 USD allowed to provide support for regional delegates as well as support for two participants from Francophone Africa (Tunisia) and India. A report on the conference appears in the *ICMI Bulletin 57* (December 2005).

- **ICMI-EARCOME-3** (Third ICMI East Asia Regional Conference on Mathematics Education) was held in China from August 7 to 12, 2005. Three higher teacher education institutes were co-organizers: East China Normal University in Shanghai, Nanjing Normal University in Nanjing City, and Hangzhou Teachers college in Hangzhou City. The conference took place during the first four days on the campus of East China Normal University, in Shanghai. Participants then divided into two groups moving to Nanjing or Hangzhou respectively for the last two days’ sessions. There were over 300 participants, with 152 coming from 15 foreign countries of East Asia and around the world. A report on the conference appears in the *ICMI Bulletin 57* (December 2005).

- **EMF 2006** (Espace mathématique francophone 2006) took place at the University of Sherbrooke, Québec, Canada, on May 27-31, 2006. It is the third in this series, the first two having been held in Grenoble, France (2000) and Tozeur, Tunisia (2003). The theme of EMF 2006 was “L’enseignement des mathématiques face aux défis de l’école et des communautés” and it gathered 258 participants from 17 different countries, including 8 African and 6 European countries. It was scheduled close to the annual meetings of two teachers’ associations from the province of Québec, with one day common to the three conferences that brought together nearly 800 participants. A report on EMF 2006 appears in the *ICMI Bulletin 59* (December 2006).

- **AFRICME 2** (the Second Africa Regional Congress of ICMI on Mathematical Education) took place at the Catholic University of Eastern Africa, Nairobi, Kenya, on May 23-26, 2007. It is the second in this series that aims at offering a forum for mathematics educators throughout Africa. AFRICME 2 gathered 87 participants from 14 different countries, including the following African countries: Botswana, Burkina Faso, Kenya, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Nigeria, Rwanda,
South Africa, Uganda and Zimbabwe. A report on AFRICME 2 appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* 60 (June 2007).

- **ICMI-EARCOME-4** (the *Fourth ICMI East Asia Regional Conference in Mathematics Education*) was held in Penang, Malaysia, on June 16-22, 2007. It was organised by the Universiti Sains Malaysia and attracted a total of 409 participants, including 156 foreign participants from 22 countries, 169 local mathematics educators and teachers, and 25 foreign and 28 local postgraduate students. A report on EARCOME-4 appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* 61 (December 2007).

- **XII CIAEM** (the *Twelfth Inter-American Conference on Mathematical Education — Conferencia interamericana de educación matemática*) took place in Querétaro, México, on July 15-18, 2007. The congress, whose main theme was *Educación matemática: historia y prospective*, was attended by close to 800 participants from 24 countries. A report appears in the *ICMI Bulletin* 61 (December 2007).

There are presently two other **forthcoming Regional Conferences** approved by the ICMI Executive Committee:

- **EMF 2009** (*Espace mathématique francophone 2009*) will be hosted by the University Cheikh Anta Diop in Dakar, Senegal, on April 6-10, 2009. The theme of the conference is *Enseignement des mathématiques et développement: enjeux de société et de formation*. The ICMI EC is represented on the International Programme Committee of this conference by the President and the Secretary-General.

- **AFRICME 3** (the *Third Africa Regional Congress of ICMI on Mathematical Education*) will be hosted by the University of Botwasa in Gaborone, Botwasa, around May 2010. The ICMI EC is represented on the IPC by Vice-President Jill Adler.

### 6. Other Activities

Preparation for the celebration of the **centennial of ICMI**, in 2008, was pursued gradually during the period covered by the report. As the Commission was established in Italy, during the 1908 Congress of Mathematicians held in Rome, the Executive Committee was grateful that the Italian mathematicians and mathematics educators communities had accepted the task of hosting the symposium to be organised on this occasion. Ferdinando Arzarello, of the Università degli Studi di Torino, was appointed Chair of the International Programme Committee and the composition of the IPC was finalised early in 2005 and announced in the June 2005, No. 56, issue of the *ICMI Bulletin*. The IPC met early in 2006 to define the programme. The Local Organising Committee, chaired by Marta Menghini of the Università degli Studi di Roma La Sapienza, succeeded in arranging for the symposium to be celebrated at the Accademia dei Lincei in Rome, the very birthplace of ICMI. The symposium, held on March 5-8, 2008, aimed at reflecting on the evolution of mathematics education during the last 100 years and identifying emerging trends in the field. It was attended by more than 180 invited participants and the Proceedings, published by the Istituto della Enciclopedia Italiana, are expected to appear in 2008. A report on the symposium will be published in a later issue of the *ICMI Bulletin*. Updated information about the symposium can be obtained from the website www.unige.ch/math/EnsMath/Rome2008/.
Over the last years, ICMI has been sponsoring, jointly with UNESCO and other bodies, the development of a mathematical exhibition entitled “Experiencing mathematics”, whose aim is to improve the image of mathematics among the general public. The exhibition was officially launched in Copenhagen in July 2004 on the occasion of ICME-10, and was later shown in October 2004 in Orléans during a congress of a French association of mathematics teachers (APMEP). But its first appearance accessible to the public at large, and in particular to pupils and students, was in December 2004 in Paris. It was then on display at the Maison des Métallos, in partnership with the Mairie of the Cité de Paris, from December 9 to 31 and was visited by more than 4000 people, mainly pupils. Three sets of the exhibit are now available and are being circulated internationally under UNESCO and ICMI auspices. The 2005 programme of travel included China (Beijing), Greece (Athens), Mozambique (Maputo) and South Africa (Johannesburg, Kimberley, Cape Town, Potchefstroom, Richards Bay). The African exhibition project was supported through a grant of 6 000 USD from IMU Developing Countries Strategy Group (DCSG) which covered the transportation to and from Africa. Additional funds needed to be raised for the circulation of the exhibit inside Africa. As the exhibition is devised so to evolve according to the local needs/culture/expertise, for instance by organising a regional and coherent pedagogical design around the exhibition, the Africa exhibits thus incorporated ingredients of ethnomathematics. The 2006 programme of travel included Namibia (15 towns, including Windhoek) — this marked the end of the one-year Austral Africa tour —, Thailand (Bangkok), Laos (Vientiane, Pakse et Luang Prabang), Viet Nam (Danang and Ho Chi Minh City), Spain (Madrid), where it was shown during and after the International Congress of Mathematicians in the Centro cultural Conde Duque (more than 30 000 visitors), and France (Lyon). The 2007 programme of travel included Cambodia (4 cities), Singapore (35 000 visitors), Viet Nam (two cities), Santiago de Chile, Lebanon (Beirut and Saida), India (Dehli, Kolkata, Bangalore, Mumbai), France, Portugal, Poland (Warsaw and Kraków) and Switzerland (Basel) in connection with the celebration of the 300th anniversary of Euler. The current plans for 2008 include Colombia (Bogotá), México (Monterrey, including the period of ICME-11), Paraguay (Asunciòn) and Argentina (Buenos Aires) in Latin America, India, Pakistan and the Philippines in Asia, and Portugal. The presentation of the exhibition in Latin America was supported by an IMU/DCSG grant of 3000 USD, and its travel to Cambodia, by a grant of 1500 USD. Initiated and supported by UNESCO, a virtual exhibition in four different languages has been developed, based on this interactive hands-on exhibition and aimed at secondary school mathematics teachers. The official opening of this additional component has taken place in March 2008 and it can be accessed at http://www.experiencingmaths.org/. It is estimated that from ICME-10 in Copenhagen to ICME-11 in Monterrey, more than 800 000 young people, their teachers and parents will have visited Experiencing mathematics in some 50 cities from 20 countries. More information is available on the website http://www.mathex.org/.

Following a recommendation of the Ad Hoc Sub-Committee on “Supporting Mathematics in Developing Countries” appointed in 2003 (see the Report on ICMI Activities in 2000-2004, ICMI Bulletin No. 54, December 2004, pp. 32-48), the IMU Executive Committee established in early 2004 the Developing Countries Strategy Group (DCSG) with the charge of increasing, guiding and coordinating IMU’s activities in support of mathematics and mathematics education in the developing world. ICMI has been at the outset represented in the DCSG by Michèle Artigue. The first meeting of the DCSG was held at the Abdus Salam International Centre for Theoretical Physics (ICTP) in Trieste, Italy, on 16-17 October 2004. Among the actions considered by the DCSG was the creation
of a web-based Clearinghouse for African Mathematics, which housed at ICTP. ICMI offered to contribute to this project by collecting information about activities linked to mathematics education in Africa, in particular as regards existing associations, projects, master and doctorate programmes in education, and mathematics competitions. The DCSG also then approved a grant to support the circulation in Africa of the international mathematics exhibition “Experiencing Mathematics” (see above). During 2006, the DCSG provided a grant of 5 000 USD for the teachers’ workshop organised in Hanoi on the occasion of ICMI Study 17. With the help of the Centre international de mathématiques pures et appliquées (CIMPA), suitable candidates from neighbouring countries have been identified for this workshop. This contributed to initiate some of the networking needed in preparation for the “PCMI-like” seminar (see below) planned for Cambodia in 2010 and jointly supported by PCMI, CIMPA and ICMI. At its June 2007 meeting, the new ICMI EC decided that Vice-President Jill Adler would replace Michèle Artigue as the ICMI representative on the IMU Developing Countries Strategy Group (DCSG) and later, once created, on the new IMU structure, namely the Committee for Developing Countries (CDC), proposed by the IMU General Assembly held in August 2006. The CDC brings together the work of the DCSG and the Commission for Development of Exchange (CDE), and will act as an interim committee until 2010 when it will be formally approved by the IMU General Assembly as an IMU Commission merging the work of the DCSG and CDE. Activities related to ICMI action have received financial support from IMU, through the CDE, in 2007. The ICMI Regional Conference AFRICME 2, held in Nairobi, Kenya, was given 4000 USD. As mentioned above, the presentation of the mathematical exhibition “Experiencing Mathematics” in Latin America was supported by a grant of 3000 USD, and its travel to Cambodia, by a grant of 1500 USD (this support was for the organization of a one-day workshop on the theme “The Usefulness of Mathematics”, to take place in Battambang, on 9 March 2007; the request for such support was directly sent to IMU by Chan Roath, who organized the travel of the exhibition in Cambodia, and not by ICMI). Two Vietnamese teachers who had taken part in the ICMI Study 17 Conference in Hanoi, in December 2006, were invited to the 2007 International Seminar of the Park City Mathematics Institute hosted by the Institute for Advanced Study (Princeton USA). The theme of the 2007 PCMI International Seminar on Mathematics Education was “Bridging Policy and Practice: Mathematics Education Around the World”.

ICMI has been co-sponsoring since 2001 international workshops organised in Utah, USA, in the context of the annual Park City Mathematics Institute (PCMI) hosted by the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, USA. The International Seminar on Mathematics Education has engaged each year mathematics educators from a diverse set of countries in a stimulating five-day discussion about common issues and concerns in the teaching and learning of mathematics, with a particular focus on teacher preparation and development. The 2004 session took place during ICME-10, where many participants from the first three years shared with the larger mathematics education community the outcome of the first seminars and considered with this larger group how to continue the dialogue at future Institutes. In 2005 PCMI has supported the participation to the ICMI Study 15 conference on teacher education of two persons involved in the PCMI International Seminar (from Cameroon and Iran). As in 2004, former participants at the PCMI International Seminars will gather at ICME-11 and a presentation will be made in the context of Discussion Group 6 on “The nature and roles of international cooperation in mathematics education”.

ICMI Bulletin No. 62

June 2008
ICMI was invited in 2004 to join with organisers of the PCMI International Seminar (Gail Burrill, Herb Clemens, Joan Ferrini-Mundy and Johnny Lott) for a meeting with World Bank officials. This meeting took place in Washington in September 2004 and ICMI was represented by the Secretary-General. The purpose of this meeting was to examine how the PCMI International Seminar model could be used in approaching issues of mathematics education in developing countries. Interest was expressed by the World Bank about the preparation of a “policy brief” on the education of teachers which could be based on research done for instance in the countries having taken part in the PCMI International Seminar and could also encourage other countries to be involved in research of their own. The World Bank also expressed interest for the ICMI networking capacity with the leadership in mathematics education around the world, as it is connected to scientific societies and individuals in academic institutions, and is thus complementary to the links that the Bank has with governments and ministries of education. Discussions have centred on two projects of joint workshops for training mathematicians and mathematics teachers. One, mentioned above, concerns Cambodia and neighbouring countries, in partnership with CIMPA (Centre International de Mathématiques Pures et Appliquées), and the other Africa, in partnership with AMMSI (African Mathematics Millennium Science Initiative). In each case, ICMI is involved in the mathematics teacher education component. None of these projects have yet come to implementation.

In a similar vein, ICMI has been invited by the Director of Education at OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) to participate in a Forum on education and social cohesion organised by OECD on the occasion of a meeting of Education Ministers held in Dublin on March 18-19, 2004. This meeting, where ICMI was represented by the Secretary-General, was a first opportunity for a direct link of ICMI with the OECD Directorate for Education. These contacts were pursued later in the year when the Secretary-General and Vice-President Michèle Artigue met at OECD headquarters in Paris with more people of the OECD Directorate for Education. Interest was then expressed by OECD for the “Pipeline” project (see item 7 below), as well as for the themes of teacher education and development (the topic of ICMI Study 15) and mathematics for the workplace (which was then presented as a possible topic for a future ICMI Study).

In 2006, the ICMI EC was contacted by the chief editor of Educational Studies in Mathematics (ESM, the leading journal in the field of mathematics education, founded in 1976 by Hans Freudenthal and now published by Springer) about the problems raised by the fact that only one journal in the field, namely the Journal for Research in Mathematics Education, is considered in the ISI Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI). This raised the global issue of the assessment of the quality of research in mathematics education as reflected in the inclusion (or non-inclusion) of mathematics education research journals in scientific indexes such as the SSCI of ISI Thompson, the index most widely in use. After discussion within the EC, and after considering the journal citations in the proceedings of the recent conferences of PME, an Affiliated Study Group of ICMI, — which clearly confirmed the leading role played by ESM —, it was decided at the final meeting of the 2003-2006 EC, held in November 2006, that both the outgoing and incoming Presidents of ICMI would send a joint letter to ISI pointing out the negative consequences of such a situation and asking for the insertion of at least ESM in the SSCI. The letter was sent in December 2006. It did not have immediate positive result, but ISI recognized ICMI arguments as consistent and also agreed on the necessity of pursuing the discussion on the representation of the field of mathematics education. The 2007-2009 ICMI EC has
pursued the reflection started by the previous Executive. As regards the specific case of the position of the journal *Educational Studies in Mathematics* (ESM) in the SSCI, the current ICMI EC is fully supportive of the position taken on that account by the previous EC. The Committee feels that it is obliged to draw to the attention of those in charge of the evaluation of research in mathematics education, the scientific bias in the current situation. Moreover the EC is much sensitive to the potential risks for the field of an abusive use of such citation indexes in the assessing the quality of scientific research. The EC of ICMI is in no doubt that the SSCI of ISI Thompson cannot be considered as an appropriate means for appreciating and assessing the quality of research in mathematics education. Because of the potentially harmful effects on our field of the use of this metric, the ICMI EC expressed its willingness to collaborate with ISI or other agencies in their efforts to achieve an improved representation and evaluation of research in mathematics education. At the ICMI EC meeting in June 2007, it was decided to set up a subcommittee specifically for this purpose, to include as members, the past ICMI President, Hyman Bass, the current President Michèle Artigue, the vice-President Jill Adler and Celia Hoyles. A position statement of the ICMI EC on this issue was posted on the ICMI website in October 2007.

The President and Secretary-General of ICMI were pleased to receive in 2004 an invitation from the Editor of the *Notices of the American Mathematical Society* to contribute, on the occasion of ICME-10, a paper providing basic information about the Commission — its aims, history, activities, etc. —, keeping in mind the usual readership of the *Notices*. The resulting article, “The International Commission on Mathematical Instruction — What? Why? For Whom?” appeared in the *Notices of the AMS* vol. 51 (6) (June/July 2004) pp. 639-644, and was reproduced with permission in the *ICMI Bulletin* No. 55 (December 2004), pp. 23-31.

7. IMU Concerns about Mathematics Students

Declining numbers of students are choosing to pursue mathematics study at the university level, and many of those who do, even with some initial enthusiasm for mathematics, are discouraged by their early university mathematics instruction and so turn away from it. The resulting decline in the numbers and quality of students pursuing university mathematics studies is a worldwide trend, now for more than a decade, and it threatens the vigour and growth of the mathematical sciences, on which contemporary societies and economies fundamentally depend. The professional mathematics community is not alone in being seriously concerned about this, and this has led the IMU EC to call for a gathering of data to document this trend internationally, and analyze its causes. The IMU has enlisted ICMI to partner in this undertaking, and take responsibility for its design.

This trend draws attention to another, distinct but importantly related, problem, which is the inadequate supply of mathematically qualified students choosing to become mathematics teachers in the schools. Thus, gathering data to understand these two parallel phenomena has become the agenda of a joint project of the IMU and ICMI, called the “Pipeline Project”, which will lead to a report that should be of wide interest, in a number of countries, to mathematics departments, schools of education, government policy and funding agencies, and others. This project was initiated at the July 2004 ICMI EC to which IMU President John Ball participated. A task group, chaired by ICMI EC member Frederick Leung, has been appointed with the mandate to define a detailed work plan for the
project and frame it as a proposal for funding to relevant funding agencies. Comments were later received that the initial plans about the Pipeline Project were too ambitious as regards the scope of the project and the number of countries first identified as being potentially involved. Suggestions were made about the need to work with a small group of countries, and to clearly identify what kind of data is to be collected and analyzed. The task force already appointed to run this project had a meeting in April 2007 at the Headquarters of the American Mathematics Society (AMS) in Providence, US, so to formulate more exactly the questions to be answered, to develop a finer design of the data that needs to be gathered to answer these questions — to the extent possible from existing sources —, and finally to consider how it can be synthesized meaningfully across different cultural settings. There were also reflections on identifying some major professional organisations that would collaborate to this project. The work on the Pipeline project has also been connected to that of the Survey Team for ICME-11, chaired by Derek Holton (New Zealand), on the topic of “Recruitment, entrance and retention of students to university mathematical studies in different countries”. The Pipeline project was one item on the agenda of the June 2007 meeting of the ICMI EC. A letter was later sent to a set of countries (Australia, Finland, France, New Zealand, Portugal, Singapore, and USA) inviting them to participate in the project and asking them to indicate whether some specific relevant statistical data were readily available, and if not, whether they were easy to gather. Countries were also asked to provide information about their education system. The project receives a strong support from the mathematical societies in the participating countries and is run is close collaboration with them. The current timeline indicates that the year 2008 will be devoted to further data collection and analysis and that a preliminary report will be written by March 2009. The final report of the Pipeline project is expected by September 2009.

8. ICMI Affiliated Study Groups
ICMI continues to have five Affiliated Study Groups, namely (in the chronological order of their affiliation to ICMI) HPM (The International Study Group on the Relations Between the History and Pedagogy of Mathematics) and PME (The International Group for the Psychology of Mathematics Education) — 1976, IOWME (The International Organization of Women and Mathematics Education) — 1987, WFNMC (The World Federation of National Mathematics Competitions) — 1994 and ICTMA (The International Study Group for Mathematical Modelling and Applications) — 2003. As was the case at ICME-10, all the ICMI ASGs will appear on the programme of ICME-11 in the Affiliated Study Groups slots. Moreover, two of them will hold conferences as satellite meetings of ICME-11. HPM 2008 will take place in the Centro Cultural del México Contemporáneo, Mexico City, México, on July 14-18, while PME 32 will be held jointly with PME-NA XXX in Morelia, México, on July 17-21.

On the occasion of ICME-10, the President and Secretary-General of ICMI were invited to participate in the ceremony of the Paul Erdős Awards. These awards were established by the WFNMC to recognise contributions of mathematicians which have played a significant role in the development of mathematical challenges and which have been a stimulus for the enrichment of mathematics learning. In 2004, the recipients were Warren Atkins (Australia), André Deledicq (France) and Patricia Fauring (Argentina), and the awards were presented by ICMI President Hyman Bass.
9. The ICMI Solidarity Program in Mathematics Education

A new Ad Hoc Committee has been appointed in 2003 to review the functioning of the Solidarity Programme and make recommendations to the Executive Committee concerning its orientation and development. The Chair of this Committee, Alan Bishop (Monash University, Australia), played in this connection the role of an ICMI Commissioner with a responsibility for solidarity and equity. A preliminary report of the Ad Hoc Committee proposing a series of possible directions was received by the EC in June 2004 and presented by the Chair of the Committee at the General Assembly of ICMI held during ICME-10. Peter Galbraith, member of the EC, was responsible for the follow up on this dossier. At its final meeting in November 2006, the 2003-2006 ICMI EC has concluded that the practical implementation of some of the recommendations needs to be further explored. Consequently the setting up of a Solidarity Steering Sub-Committee, as recommended in the report, is the next step in leading to further discussions and actions.

A grant of 2 000 USD from the ICMI Solidarity Program was given to the organisers of ICMI Study 17 in order to partially support the participation of 11 Vietnamese teachers to the workshop organised on the occasion of the Study conference held in Hanoi in December 2006.

10. The ICMI Awards

A call for suggestions for the 2005 ICMI Awards has been launched by the Award Committee, chaired by Vice-President Michèle Artigue, and disseminated among the mathematics education community though various channels (ICMI Representatives, Affiliated Study Groups, national and international journals and associations). The two recipients of the ICMI Awards in mathematics education research for the year 2005 were announced in a press release issued on April 3, 2006 (see ICMI Bulletin No. 58, June 2006, pp. 6-10). The awardees are Ubiratan D’Ambrosio for the 2005 Felix Klein Medal, and Paul Cobb for the 2005 Hans Freudenthal Medal.

At the end of 2006, ICMI Vice-President Michèle Artigue ended her term as the first chair the ICMI Award Committee, responsible for selecting the recipients of the Awards, and was succeeded by Mogens Niss. In addition, Richard Noss and Anna Sfard also then completed their term on the Committee and new members were added to bring its membership to six (three members completing the second half of their eight-year term and three beginning a new term, for eight years as well). A report from the Award Committee has been submitted to the ICMI Executive Committee early in 2007 about the functioning of the selection process for the first two sets of awards. It should be noted that the Award Committee agreed on the following ethical rule: once the Committee decides to include in its lists of nominees an individual close to one of its members, that member is then excluded from all exchanges and discussions regarding the corresponding award. This was the case for Richard Noss with respect the 2003 Freudenthal award, finally given to Celia Hoyles. A report on the work of the ICMI Award Committee by its outgoing Chair appears in the June 2007 (No. 60) issue of the ICMI Bulletin.

A call for suggestions for the 2007 ICMI Awards has been launched in June 2007 by the new Award Committee, chaired by Mogens Niss, and disseminated among the mathematics education community
though the usual channels. The two recipients of the ICMI Awards in mathematics education research for the year 2007 were announced in a press release issued on April 1, 2008 (see elsewhere in this issue of the *ICMI Bulletin*). The awardees are Jeremy Kilpatrick for the 2007 Felix Klein Medal, and Anna Sfard for the 2007 Hans Freudenthal Medal.

The medals and certificates for the 2005 and 2007 ICMI Awards will be presented at the opening ceremony of ICME-11 and lectures by each of the awardees are on the programme of the congress.

11. IMU/ICMI Digitisation Programme

In the context of IMU programme of open access to IMU publications, ICMI was offered in 2007 by the IMU EC to receive support from the IMU Committee on Electronic Information and Communication (CEIC) for a similar project as regards ICMI publications. As ICMI had been contemplating for a long time making widely available on its website the various documents connected to and resulting from its activities, this offer was most timely. The aim is that the ICMI Digital Library would eventually make available freely online all the ICMI material. In a first step, besides the various issues of the *ICMI Bulletin* from its very beginning, the priority in digitising material is given to past Proceedings of all the ICME congresses and to the ICMI Study volumes. The ICMI EC is grateful to IMU for its exceptional support in this endeavour.

12. Information and Communication

At its June 2007 meeting, the ICMI EC finalised the decision to launch an electronic newsletter. This project of establishing a means of prompt, efficient and brief communication had been under discussion for a certain time by the previous EC and the first issue of ICMI News has finally appeared in December 2007. The aim of this newsletter is to improve communication between ICMI and the worldwide community interested in mathematics education by regularly providing information about actions and recommendations of ICMI, highlighting issues that are under discussion and reporting about ongoing activities. In addition, *ICMI News* reports on major activities by the ICMI Affiliated Study Groups (HPM, PME, IOUME, WFNMC and ICTMA), on major international events related to mathematics education, and on other topics of interest to the international mathematics education community. The Editor of *ICMI News* is Jaime Carvalho e Silva, member of the ICMI Executive Committee. The ICMI EC is grateful to the IMU EC for the logistic support provided to the publication and dissemination of the ICMI e-newsletter, in particular as regards online subscription. *ICMI News* will appear every two months, alternating with IMU own electronic newsletter, *IMU-Net* (www.mathunion.org/Publications/Newsletter/).

The project of redesigning and updating the ICMI website has progressed more slowly than expected. The new website, which will still be hosted on the IMU server, is planned to be launched by the time of ICME-11. ICMI has adopted the recent policy of IMU to use a Content Management System (CMS) as the environment for the website, which will allow for easier maintenance and updating of the content of the website, as several persons (with a proper access authorisation) will be entitled to edit the contents of the site separately and independently from the webmaster. The CMS used by IMU is the open source system TYPO3.

*ICMI Bulletin No. 62* 34  
*June 2008*
For the years covered in this report, the appearance of the *ICMI Bulletin* has been slightly erratic, as some of the planned issues have undergone delays in publication and are still outstanding at the time of this report.

Since the inception of the Commission in 1908, the official organ of ICMI has been the journal *L’Enseignement Mathématique*, established in 1899. ICMI has reinvigorated in recent years its contact with the journal, especially on the occasion of the celebration in 2000, organised jointly with the University of Geneva, of the centennial of *L’Enseignement Mathématique*, as well as the recent celebration of the ICMI centennial in Rome in March 2008. During the years covered in this report, the following ICMI-related information has appeared in *L’Enseignement Mathématique*:


**Bernard R. Hodgson**, Secretary-General
Université Laval, Québec, Canada
bhodgson@mat.ulaval.ca
9 June, 2008
ICMI Accounts 2007

1 January – 31 December

**Balance as of January 1:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ICMI</th>
<th>Canadian Dollars</th>
<th>76 059,79</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US Dollars</td>
<td>48 102,71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Euros 1)</td>
<td>0,00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Solidarity Fund (US Dollars)** 36 888,99

**Canadian Dollars Account:**

**Income:**

- balance 2006 76 059,79
- interest 3 937,97

**Total** 79 997,76

**Expenditure:**

- ICM Study 19: IPC meeting, Essen (November 2007) 2) 2 637,41
- ICM EC meeting, London (June 2007) 9 750,58
- ICM Centennial: interviews 2 941,42
- ICME-11: meeting of IPC, Monterrey (January 2007) 1 073,50
- site visits for ICME-12 3) 5 298,54
- EMF 2009: IPC meeting, Orléans, travel of Secretary-General and local expenses 2 319,71
- AFRICME 2, Nairobi, travel of Secretary-General and local expenses 1 154,93
- edition of documents for the ICMI website 318,00
- postage 87,55
- secretariat expenses 1 185,43
- bank charges (checks and foreign transfers) 45,20

**ICMI balance 2007 (CAD account)** 53 185,49

**Total** 79 997,76
**US Dollars Account:**

**Income:**
- ICMi balance 2006  48 102,71
- grant from IMU: “Pipeline” Study  10 000,00
- grant from IMU: ICME-11  9 000,00
- grant from IMU: ICMI Centennial Symposium  8 000,00
- ICMi interest  1 836,37

**Solidarity Fund** balance 2006  36 888,99
**Solidarity Fund** interest  1 286,27

**Expenditure:**
- ICMi Study 19: IPC meeting, Essen (November 2007)  1 155,51
- “Pipeline” Study: Committee meeting, Providence (April 2007)  1 078,00
- ICMi EC meeting, London (June 2007)  3 949,00
- transfer to ICMi Centennial of IMU grant  8 000,00
- grant and loan to ICMi Centennial  10 000,00
- transfer to EUR account (corresponding to 7 265,00 EUR)  10 000,00
- bank charges (foreign transfers)  16,36

**ICMi balance 2007 (USD account)**  42 740,21

**Solidarity Fund balance 2007 (USD account)**  38 175,26

**Euros Account:**

**Income:**
- balance 2006  0,00
- IMU (Schedule A: Administration — 15 450,00 CHF)  9 444,64
- IMU (Schedule B: Scientific Activities — 27 810,00 CHF)  17 000,36
- transfer from USD account (corresponding to 10 000,00 USD)  7 265,00
- interest  221,15

**Expenditure:**
- IMU (Schedule A: Administration — 15 450,00 CHF)  9 444,64
- IMU (Schedule B: Scientific Activities — 27 810,00 CHF)  17 000,36
- transfer from USD account (corresponding to 10 000,00 USD)  7 265,00
- interest  221,15

**Total:**  33 931,15

*ICMi Bulletin No. 62*  37  *June 2008*
Expenditure: 0,00

ICMI balance 2007 (EUR account)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>33 931,15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Average exchange rate, 2007

\[
1 \text{ USD} = 1,07 \text{ CAD} = 0,73 \text{ EUR}
\]

Notes:

1. Considering the ICMI assets already available in Canadian and US dollars and the important fluctuation of various currencies, it was felt appropriate to have the 2007 annual grant of IMU transferred to ICMI in euros. A EUR bank account was opened during 2007 at the HSBC Bank of Canada (2795 boul. Laurier, Québec, account no. 23-0126-X). The CAD and USD bank accounts of ICMI remain at the Caisse Populaire de l’Université Laval (Cité universitaire, Québec, accounts nos. 68033 and 800394).

2. The International Programme Committee for the nineteenth ICMI Study on Proof and proving in mathematics education met at the Campus Essen of the Universität Duisburg-Essen in November 2007. The costs of this meeting were substantially reduced by a generous grant of 3860 € from the Fachbereich Mathematik, Universität Duisburg-Essen to cover local accommodations, meals and meeting rooms.

3. The Executive Committee has organised site visits to the three countries that submitted a bid to host ICME-12: China, Korea and South Africa. The ICMI EC was represented on each occasion by three of its members. These visits were supported by the host countries as regards the local expenses of the visitors, and travel as well in the case of the visit to South Africa.

4. The financial support of 10 000 USD from IMU for the so-called “Pipeline” Study (devoted to the decline of mathematics students) was transferred to ICMI in totality in 2007. The amount was received in euros, thus corresponding to a transfer between the USD and the EUR accounts.

5. The grant of IMU to ICME-11 was received in 2007 but transferred to the Mexican organisers at the beginning of 2008. It will appear in the expenditure for the financial year 2008.

6. The assets of the ICMI Solidarity Fund, established in 1992, are kept, on the ICMI accounts, separately from ICMI’s general resources.

7. Financial support to the organisation of the ICMI Centennial Symposium in Rome (March 2008): grant of 5 000 USD and interest-free loan of 5 000 USD.
8. At the General Assembly of the International Mathematical Union held in Santiago de Compostela in August 2006, it was voted to increase by 3% the annual support given by IMU to ICMI for the period 2007-2010. The previous amounts were respectively 15 000 CHF for Schedule A and 27 000 CHF for Schedule B.

9. This annual financial report provides information on the assets of ICMI, as well as on the income and expenditure of the Commission during the year 2007 as reflected in its bank accounts. But it does not represent the whole financial situation of ICMI. As indicated above, in addition to the IMU annual grant, other substantial supports for specific activities were received from IMU and, on one occasion, from the Fachbereich Mathematik of the Universität Duisburg-Essen (see Note 2). But the ICMI Executive Committee wishes to stress other sources of “invisible” support which are essential to the financial health of the Commission and without which it could not face its duties. In particular the Secretary-General’s home institution, Université Laval, has contributed in 2007 a substantial support to ICMI’s work of the order of 11 500 USD (e.g. through telephone and fax, email facilities, postage, the printing and distribution of the ICMI Bulletin, occasional secretarial help, plus a partially reduced teaching load for the Secretary-General).

Substantial external support was also obtained on an individual basis by other members of the Executive Committee as well as by many individuals involved in the programme committees of ICMI activities, their home institutions (partially) covering the expenses related to their participation in organisational meetings so that they did not need to claim full reimbursement from ICMI. For example, during the year 2007, the following events and actions greatly benefited from an important support received from the many institutions to which the members of the committees belong (the amounts are approximate and in USD):

- **ICMI Executive Committee meeting, London, June 2007**
  travel of six EC members 5000,00
  accommodations for four members 2000,00
- **Centennial interviews**
  travel and accommodations 1500,00
- **EMF 2009 IPC meeting, Orléans, September 2007**
  travel of ten EC members 5500,00
  accommodations and meals for eleven members 1550,00
- **ICMI Study IPC meeting, Essen, November 2007**
  travel of eight EC members 6500,00

The soundness of the financial situation of ICMI depends to a large extent on this external “invisible” support to the individuals involved in the organisational work of the Commission. But the difficult financial situation of several higher education institutions around the world makes this type of support rather fragile.

**Bernard R. Hodgson**, Secretary-General
Université Laval, Québec, Canada
10 May 2008
Summary of ICMI Accounts
2004-2008

Balance as of January 1 of each year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ICMI Balance</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAD account</td>
<td>48 661.22</td>
<td>52 210.42</td>
<td>77 770.10</td>
<td>76 059.79</td>
<td>53 185.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USD account</td>
<td>67 894.85</td>
<td>48 510.90</td>
<td>50 899.62</td>
<td>48 102.71</td>
<td>42 740.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EUR account</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>33 931.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL in USD</strong></td>
<td>102 652.86</td>
<td>88 672.76</td>
<td>115 172.43</td>
<td>115 412.26</td>
<td>138 927.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(equivalent in USD — see note)

**Solidarity Fund Balance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USD account</td>
<td>36 478.82</td>
<td>36 827.13</td>
<td>37 324.43</td>
<td>36 888.99</td>
<td>38 175.26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The “equivalent in US dollars” of the ICMI Balance is equal to (A / B) + C + (D / E), where

- **A** = Balance of CAD account as of January 1 of year X
- **B** = Average currency exchange rate (1 USD to CAD) during year (X–1)
- **C** = Balance of USD account as of January 1 of year X
- **D** = Balance of EUR account as of January 1 of year X
- **E** = Average currency exchange rate (1 USD to EUR) during year (X–1)

**Average currency exchange rates of US dollar (USD) to Canadian dollar (CAD) and Euro (EUR):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>1 USD</th>
<th>1 CAD</th>
<th>1 EUR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>1,40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>1,30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>1,21</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>1,13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>1,07</td>
<td>0,73</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bernard R. Hodgson**, Secretary-General
Université Laval, Québec, Canada
12 May 2008

ICMI Bulletin No. 62

June 2008
Report by HPM
The International Study Group on the Relations between the History and Pedagogy of Mathematics

HPM Activities 2004-2008

Over the past four years, since the last General Assembly of ICMI in Copenhagen during ICME-10 and the last Satellite Meeting of the HPM Group in Uppsala, Sweden, there have been several activities by this group, which either continue work that has been in progress, or constitute new ones based on initiatives by people active in this area. These include conferences and publications, as well as the improvement of the HPM Newsletter and the HPM websites, by making systematic use of the Internet. There has been an effort:

• to regularly publish and continuous enrich the *HPM Newsletter*, as well as, constantly improve and update the *HPM websites*. Both the *Newsletter* and the *websites* have been developed as important tools complementary to each other, for making easier the contact among the members of the group and for increasing its visibility.

• to actively support magazines, or journals related to the *HPM* perspective and encourage, or motivate the publication of special issues of other journals devoted to themes that emphasize the historical dimension in Mathematics Education.

• to collaborate in the organization of local, or international activities (meetings, conferences, colloquia, etc.) that provided the opportunity to bring together people, who are interested in integrating history into Mathematics Education. Such activities stimulate new collaborations and foster further initiatives that bring closer, mathematicians, historians of Mathematics and mathematics educators, who are eager to contribute to the improvement of Mathematics Education around the world.

1. The structure of HPM
The *HPM* Advisory Board has been enlarged to have a sufficiently good geographic representation, as well as, a balanced representation of the three dimensions of *HPM* (*History*, *Pedagogy*, *Mathematics*). The Advisory Board has consisted of:
  - Abraham Arcavi, Weizmann Institute of Science, Israel
  - Evelyne Barbin, IREM-Centre François Viète, Université de Nantes, France
- Ricardo Cantoral, Departamento de Matematica Educativa, Centro de Investigacion y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Mexico
- Ubiratan d’Ambrosio, Pontificia Universidade, Catolica de Sao Paulo, Brazil (former chair 1984-88)
- Abdellah Elidrissi, École Normale Supérieure, Morocco
- Florence Fasanelli, American Association for the Advancement of Science, USA (former chair 1988-92)
- Gail FitzSimons, Monash University, Australia
- Fulvia Furinghetti, Department of Mathematics, Universita di Genova, Italy (former chair 2000-04)
- Wann-Sheng Horng, National Taiwan Normal University, Taiwan
- Masami Isoda, Graduate School of Comprehensive Human Science, University of Tsukuba, Japan
- Sten Kaijser, Department of Mathematics, University of Uppsala, Sweden
- Nikos Kastanis, Department of Mathematics, University of Thessaloniki, Greece (Newsletter co-editor)
- Victor Katz, Department of Mathematics, University of the District of Columbia, USA
- Manfred Kronfellner, Institut für Algebra & Computermathematik, Technische Universität Wien, Austria
- Karen Dee Michalowicz, The Langley School, VA, and Graduate School, Mathematics Education, George Mason University, VA, USA
- Luis Radford, Ecole des Sciences de l’ Education, Laurentian University, Canada
- Gert Schubring, Institut für Didaktik der Mathematik, Universität Bielefeld, Germany
- Man-Keung Siu, Department of Mathematics, University of Hong Kong, China
- Bjorn Smestad, Faculty of Education, Oslo University College, Norway (Newsletter co-editor)
- Robert Stein, California State University, San Bernardino, USA
- Constantinos Tzanakis, Department of Education University of Crete, Greece (chair)
- Jan van Maanen, Freudenthal Institute, Utrecht, The Netherlands (former chair 1996-2000)
- Chris Weeks, Downeycroft, Virginstow Beaworthy, UK (Newsletter co-editor)

In addition, having appreciated the importance of the HPM Newsletter as a basic tool to realize the aims and the associated activities of the Group — especially during the preceding period, chaired by F. Furinghetti — the Newsletter has been successfully prepared and edited by three co-editors: B. Smestad (Norway), N. Kastanis (Greece), Ch. Weeks (UK).

2. The HPM Newsletter
In the last few years, the HPM Newsletter has evolved into an informative document, published three times a year and distributed worldwide via a network of distributors¹, who are in charge of sending the Newsletter either in paper or in electronic form to interested people of a particular region in the world. In addition the Newsletter is available on the web through the two main websites of the HPM Group:

¹ Currently this network consists of 27 distributors in an equal number of regions worldwide. The complete list appears in each issue of the Newsletter.

Since 2004, each issue of the Newsletter has 24 to 28 pages, including some standard sections, namely, (often annotated) recent publications, list of relevant websites, book reviews, presentations of recently completed PhD theses, announcement of events (conferences, meetings, workshops etc), conference and meetings’ reports, interviews with leading scholars in this area. In addition there are texts that are devoted to special subjects, in the history of mathematics, the history of mathematics education, or the integration of a historical dimension in mathematics education. Since July 2004, 11 issues have been published (No 57 to No 67) and another one (No 68) will appear in July 2008, immediately before ICME-11.

3. The HPM websites
Information on the HPM Group, its aims, history and activities, together with details on relevant documents and resources can be found in the HPM official website http://www.clab.edc.uoc.gr/HPM/ and the website of the Americas Section of the HPM Group http://www.hpm-americas.org/. All issues of the HPM Newsletter since 2000 (from No 45 onwards) are available for download. In addition, details on conferences and meetings, as well as links to societies, unions, other groups, resources in several languages, journals, etc., are also available there.

4. Conferences and Meetings

4.1 The HPM Group at ICMEs

(a) ICME-10, Copenhagen, Denmark, 4-11 July 2004
Activities of the HPM Group during ICME-10:
• **Topic Study Group 17:** The role of the history of mathematics in mathematics education
  Organizing Team: A. Elidrissi (Morocco), S. Kaijser (Sweden), L. Radford (Canada), M-K. Siu (China, co-chair) and C. Tzanakis (Greece, co-chair).
  The work in this group led to the publication of a special issue; see §5.2(a).
• **Topic Study Group 29:** The History of the Teaching and Learning of Mathematics
  Organizing Team: H. Gispert (France), H-C. Hansen (Denmark), H. Khuzwayo (South Africa), G. Schubring (Germany, co-chair) and Y. Sekiguchi (Japan, co-chair).
  The work in this group led to the publication of a special issue; see §5.2(b).
• The ASG meetings of HPM in ICME-10
  There were three sessions with an equal number of talks discussing the identity of the group and in particular the following points: (i) to make known the origin of the group; which persons contributed to its birth and growing and which was the initial impetus for the formation of this group, (ii) to stress once again the basic ideas underlying the activities of the group, (iii) to outline, the results of work done in the period 2000-04 and the perspectives for the future.
• **Regular Lectures** related to the HPM Group: There were three such lectures by V. Katz (USA), L. Puig (Spain) and E. Shchepin (Russia).
• **Workshops** and **Sharing Experience Groups (SGA):** One workshop (by V. Katz & K.D. Michalowicz*, (USA)) presented the material referred to in §5.1(a); one SGA (by A. Gazit (Israel)) was devoted to history in pre-service Mathematics Teachers Education.

• **Poster Round Table:** Four posters related to HPM issues were discussed in a Round Table.

**(b) ICME-11, Monterrey, Mexico, 6-13 July 2008**

Activities of the HPM Group during ICME-11

• **Topic Study Group 23:** *The role of history of mathematics in mathematics education*
  Organizing Team: A. Elidrissi (Morocco), A. Miguel (Brazil), E. Barbin (France), A. Garciadiego (Mexico).

• **Topic Study Group 38:** *The History of the Teaching and Learning of Mathematics*
  Organizing Team: R. d’Enfert (France), A. Ruiz (Costa Rica), L. C. Arboleda (Colombia), R. Cambry (Mexico), W-S. Horng (Taiwan).

• The **ASG meetings** of HPM in ICME-11 (programme not finalized yet): There will be four 1-hour sessions with talks and discussions to report on the work that has been done in the last four years, the future perspectives and ways to arouse further the interest on the activities of the group and increase its visibility.

• **Regular Lectures** related to the HPM Group: There will be three such lectures by K. Bjarnadóttir, (Iceland), G. Schubring (Germany) W. Rodrigues Valente (Brazil & Portugal),

• **Workshops:** Two workshops (by E. de Souza Lodron Zuin and J. C. Barreto Garcia) are related to the HPM interests.

• **Poster exhibition:** Two posters related to HPM Issues are included in the programme.

4.2 The HPM Satellite Meetings of ICMEs

**(a) HPM 2004 & ESU 4** (ICME-10 Satellite Meeting of HPM & 4th European Summer University on History and Epistemology in Mathematics Education), Uppsala, Sweden, 12-17 July 2004

Main Themes:
1. The history of mathematics
2. Integrating history of mathematics into the teaching of mathematics
3. The role of the history of mathematics in teacher's training
4. The common history of mathematics, science and technology
5. Mathematics and different cultures
6. The philosophy of mathematics

Structure of the Program
1. Six plenary sessions, including: 6 invited lectures (one per day), 2 Panel discussions
2. Sessions consisting of: 9 workshops (from one to two hours), 59 paper presentations (in 3 parallel sessions).

Participation: 120 participants from 32 countries.

**(b) HPM 2008** (ICME-11 Satellite Meeting of HPM), Mexico City, 14-18 July 2008

Main Themes:
1. Integrating the History of Mathematics in Mathematics Education.
2. Topics in the History of Mathematics Education.
4. Cultures and Mathematics.
5. Historical, philosophical and epistemological issues in Mathematics Education.
6. Mathematics from the Americas

Structure of the Program (not finalized yet)
1. Four plenary sessions, including: 6 invited lectures (one per day), 1 Panel discussion
2. Sessions consisting of: 6 one-hour workshops, 84 paper presentations (in 4 parallel sessions).

Participation: Over 150 participants from 30 countries.

4.3 The European Summer University on History and Epistemology in Mathematics Education (ESU)

(a) **ESU 4** took place conjointly with HPM 2004; see §4.2(a) above.

(b) **ESU 5** (5th European Summer University on History and Epistemology in Mathematics Education), Prague, Czech Republic, 19-24 July 2007.

Main Themes
1. History and Epistemology as tools for an interdisciplinary approach in the teaching and learning of Mathematics and the Sciences
2. Introducing a historical dimension in the teaching and learning of Mathematics
3. History and Epistemology in Mathematics teachers’ education
4. Cultures and Mathematics
5. History of Mathematics Education in Europe
6. Mathematics in Central Europe

Structure of the Program
1. Six plenary sessions, including: 6 invited lectures (one per day), 2 Panel discussions
2. Sessions consisting of: 19 2-hour workshops (based on didactical and pedagogical material), 25 3-hour workshops (based on historical and epistemological material), 44 oral presentations and 26 short announcements, in six parallel sessions.

Participation: 192 participants from 33 different countries.

4.4 HPM in CERME

**CERME 6:** Université de Lyon 1 (France) January 27 - February 1, 2009. Website: http://ermeweb.free.fr/

A Working Group (WG 15) entitled *The Role of History of Mathematics in Mathematics Education: Theory and Research* has been included in CERME 6 (Congress of the European Society for Research in Mathematics Education). Work in this context is under progress.

The purpose of this Working Group is to provide a forum primarily dedicated to theory and research on the role of history in mathematics education. It is particularly interested in theoretical and empirical studies (including work-in-progress) that address one or more of the following themes:
- Theoretical and/or conceptual frameworks for including history in mathematics education.
- The role of history of mathematics at primary and secondary level, both from the cognitive and affective points of view.
- The role of history of mathematics in pre- and in-service teacher education, both from the cognitive, pedagogical, and affective points of view.
- Possible parallelism between the historical development and the cognitive development of mathematical ideas.
- Ways of integrating original sources in classrooms, and their educational effects, preferably with conclusions based on classroom experiments.
- Surveys on the existing uses of history in curriculum, textbooks, and/or classrooms in primary, secondary, and university levels.
- Design and/or assessment of teaching/learning materials on the history of mathematics.

Organizers of the group: F. Furinghetti (Italy), U. Th. Jankvist (Denmark), C. Tzanakis (Greece), J. van Maanen (The Netherlands)

4.5 Regional and other meetings pertaining to HPM

(a) “History of Mathematics, History of Mathematics Education and their didactical implications”, 14-15 April, 2006 Department of Mathematics, University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece. Motivated by the activities and results of the ICME-10 Topic Study Groups TSG 17, and TSG 29, Greek researchers interested in the HPM perspective organized a regional meeting at the University of Thessaloniki, Greece, aiming to present current international trends on important issues relevant to the HPM perspective, with reference to all educational levels, and in this way to give an opportunity to the Greek educational community to be informed about those issues that are of great importance nowadays.

(b) “Mini-Workshop: Studying Original Sources in Mathematics Education”, Mathematisches Forsschunsinstitut Oberwolfach, Germany, 1-5 May 2006. Organisers F. Furinghetti (Italy), H. N. Jahnke (Germany), J. van Maanen (The Netherlands).

This Workshop aimed at investigating the benefit that the teaching and learning of Mathematics may have on the basis of studying original texts; in particular it made focus on some ideas, which are specifically supported by reading mathematical sources:
- to see mathematics as an intellectual activity;
- to place mathematics in the scientific, technological and philosophical context of a particular period in the history of ideas;
- to participate in an activity oriented more to processes of understanding, than to final results;
- to appreciate the role and importance of the different languages involved; those of the source, of modern mathematics and of everyday life;
- to see what is supposed to be “familiar”, becoming “unfamiliar”.

There have been 17 contributions from 16 contributors coming from 10 different countries, who gave detailed presentations on particular cases concerning the points mentioned above. These presentations were followed by lively discussions, in which participants were given the opportunity to elaborate on their ideas further. Each presentation and the follow-up discussion were based on material (original texts, students’ worksheets, etc) distributed in advance, or on the spot.
5. Publications

5.1 Proceedings of Conferences and other collective volumes

This is an outcome of the “Historical Modules Project”, co–directed by V. Katz and K. D. Michalowicz, a special activity of the “Institute in the History of Mathematics and its Use in Teaching” (IHMT)², where about thirty high school and college teachers of mathematics teamed up to produce this didactical material organized in 11 modules.

This is the revised edition of the Proceedings of the HPM Satellite Meeting of ICME-10 and the 4th European Summer University on the History and Epistemology in Mathematics Education, which took place co–jointly in Uppsala, Sweden, in 2004 (see §4.2(a) above). It consists of 78 papers divided into 6 sections, corresponding to the 6 main themes of this meeting

This volume consists of the Proceedings of the regional meeting of the HPM Group of §4.5(a). It includes 14 papers divided into three sections: (i) On the History of ancient Greek Mathematics, (ii) On the History of Mathematics Education (iii) On the relations between History of Mathematics and Mathematics Education.

(d) Proceedings of the Fifth European Summer University on the History and Epistemology in Mathematics Education (ESU 5). Editors: E. Barbin (France), N. Stehlíkova (Czech Republic), C. Tzanakis (Greece), Charles University in Prague, Prague, Czech Republic 2008 (to appear).
This volume consists of 120 peer reviewed papers and abstracts, based on the activities during ESU 5 (see §4.3(b)), divided into six sections corresponding to the six main themes of this Summer University. This volume is expected to appear in summer 2008 and will also be available on the web.

5.2 Special issues of scientific journals related to the HPM perspective

This is a special double issue based on peer-reviewed papers that have been originally presented in TSG 17 (The role of the History of Mathematics in Mathematics Education) at ICME-10. There are

---

² For more details on IHMT, see the HPM Newsletter, No 62 (2006), pp.17-21. Two of the three directors of IHMT have been active members of the HPM; V. Katz, University of the District of Columbia and F. Rickey, now of the United States Military Academy, West Point, New York. Another member of the Group and one of its former chairs, F. Fasanelli, served as MAA liaison and was instrumental in obtaining the National Science Foundation grants that funded the Institute.
10 papers divided into 4 sections: (i) Epistemological issues, (ii) Teachers’ education, (iii) Didactical material, (iv) Particular Examples.

(b) “History of Teaching and Learning Mathematics.” *Paedagogica Historica. International Journal of the History of Education* vol. XLII, nos IV&V, August 2006. Guest Editor: G. Schubring (Germany). This is a special double issue based on peer-reviewed papers that have been originally presented in TSG 29 (The history of the Teaching and learning of Mathematics) at ICME-10. There are 9 papers divided into three sections: (i) Transmission and Modernizations of Mathematical Curricula, (ii) Teaching Practice, Textbooks, Teacher Education (iii) Cultural, Social and Political Functions of Mathematics Instruction.

(c) “The History of Mathematics Education: Theory and Practice.” *Educational Studies in Mathematics*, special issue, vol. 66, no. 2, 2007 (164 pages). Guest Editors: F. Furinghetti (Italy), L. Radford (Canada). This is a special issue, which consists of 10 peer-reviewed papers. According to the editors, “the papers seek to deepen our understanding of the pedagogical role that the history of mathematics may play in contemporary mathematics education. Some of the papers provide examples of the use of the history of mathematics in school practice and in teacher education. Other papers address theoretical questions that have become crucial to understanding the profound intertwining of past and present conceptual developments from spreading new epistemologies and theories of learning” (p. 109).

### 5.3 Scientific journals/bulletins/newsletters pertinent to the HPM perspective

(a) *The “HPM Tongxun” and the Tongxun Group in Taiwan.* Editor: W-S Horng, Department of Mathematics, National Taiwan Normal University, Taiwan. This is a publication in the context of the HPM Group, published in Chinese since 1998 on a monthly basis. Contributors to this Newsletter are mathematics teachers, postgraduate students or researchers in this area. This collaboration encourages them to promote the HPM activities — some of them even become local leaders for both the HPM and mathematics teaching. They become very enthusiastic about the HPM perspective, contributing to this Newsletter just to share their ideas and vision with their colleagues. Despite the fact that no formal organization, such as a society, is to be expected for “up-scaling” development, a total of about forty correspondents plus ten editorial members is a strong indication that an active local HPM group could emerge. For details see http://www.math.ntnu.edu.tw/~horng.

(b) *International Journal for the History of Mathematics Education.* Chief Editor G. Schubring (Germany), Managing Editor: A. Karp (USA/Russia), published by COMAP Inc. USA. (two issues per year, available in printed form and online). The rousing success of the Topic Study Group 29, *The History of Learning and Teaching Mathematics*, at ICME-10 in Copenhagen in 2004, demonstrated the need for a permanent and stable international forum for scholarly research in history of mathematics teaching. Therefore, a new journal has been established. The first issue appeared in September 2006. The journal is supported by Teachers College, Columbia University, USA. Its website is http://www.tc.edu/centers/ijhmt/.
(c) The Bulletin of the British Society for the History of Mathematics (BSHM Bulletin)
Published as a Newsletter until 2004, it was gradually transformed into a scientific journal published four times a year by Taylor & Francis, especially under the influence of the late John Fauvel, who was President of BSHM from 1992–1994, editor of its Newsletter from 1995–2001 and chair of the HPM Group from 1992-1996. Since the summer of 2002 (issue No 46) the Bulletin has a regular Education Section, directly related to issues relevant to the HPM interests and perspective.

Constantinos Tzanakis, Chair of HPM
Department of Education, University of Crete,
74100 Rethymnon, Crete, GREECE
tzanakis@edc.uoc.gr

Report by PME
The International Group for the Psychology of Mathematics Education

PME Activities 2004-2007

The PME is an active organization leading the world’s mathematics education research. The most important event for the PME members is the annual conference held in different cities each year. During the year PME members conduct activities related to mathematics education, and present their research in the annual conference. A summary of statistical facts for the past four PME annual conferences is as follows:
During Year 2004 to 2007, one of the most important on-going activities was to complete a 30-year review of the PME achievements. Now the review is completed, and a handbook was recently published in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the PME. The first of the four PME sessions at ICME-11 this year is a summary of the past 30 years by Paolo Boero and Angel Gutierrez. The presentation is based on the 30-year-review handbook, and it looks at the expansion and evolution of PME as a lively leading organization for the research of mathematics education from a historical perspective. Paolo and Angel will review the past, present, and future directions of research of PME members and highlight various paradigms, methodologies, questions and research agendas, given the diverse interest of PME researchers including issues related to learning and teaching specific mathematics contents, social, affective, cultural and cognitive perspectives of mathematics education, and the education and professional learning of mathematics teachers.

In the past 30 years, the PME research revealed a trend that the shift of mathematics education research foci started from a focus on *curricula* in the 1970s, then shifted to *learners* in the 1980s-1990s, and then a focus on *teacher education* recently. The decisive shift from *learners* to *teacher education* might have occurred around year 2000, when there was obvious growth in the publications on teachers and teacher practice. “Similar confirmation comes from the proliferation of books on teacher-focused research, many of which became widely popular and some of which stirred public debates” (Sfard, 2005). That mathematics teacher education is a hard issue is supported by the fact that among the total accepted papers (RR+SO+PP) during 2004 to 2007, about 10 percent are of topics on teacher education. Given the facts, the second presentation, presented by Peter Sullivan and Barbara Jaworski, provides an overview of key issues in research related to mathematics teacher education. It gives an outline of the history of PME involvement in teacher education research, the development of the sub-discipline that is represented by such research, and recent key development and possible directions for future research. The session also addresses issues such as ways to describe the knowledge that mathematics teacher need for teaching, the means and processes through which

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Bergen, Norway</td>
<td>Melbourne, Australia</td>
<td>Prague, Czech</td>
<td>Seoul, Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theme</td>
<td>Inclusion and Diversity</td>
<td>Learners and Learning Environments</td>
<td>Mathematics in the Centre</td>
<td>School Mathematics for Humanity Education</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of people present</td>
<td>481</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of research reports (RR)</td>
<td>198</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>243</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of short orals (SO)</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># of post presentations (PP)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
they can acquire such knowledge, the tools and resources available to support them, and their learning and development.

One of the distinctions of the PME is that it includes working sessions (WS) and discussion groups (DG) as group activities that aim “to achieve greater exchange of information and ideas related to the Psychology of Mathematics Education.” Each year the two types of activities address diverse issues in the field of mathematics education. Examining the content of the themes for the past four years, one can easily observe that topics relating to diversity and equity such as gender, language, communication, and socio-cultural evolution of mathematical concepts take a large part. This fosters the third session of PME this year, done by the WS and DG and presented by Joanne Rossi Becker, F.D Rivera, and Catherine Vistro-Yu, with the theme *Affect, equity, and diversity*. In this session issues on affective variables, equity, and diversity will be discussed, with an emphasis on gender and language. Lena Licón Khisty will discuss the language as a means for understanding the continuing underachievement in mathematics among Chicana/o bilingual students in the USA; Stephen Lerman will provide a perspective that language is an important social filter to the reproduction of disadvantage in achievement in a field, and give possible direction for teachers to improve the achievement of disadvantaged students. Kyung-Hua Lee, Sun-Ah Jim, and Joo-Young Kim will give a brief review of a current work on gender at PME and their research about efforts to improve girls’ confidence and achievement in mathematics through the WISE project in Korea.

One of the emphases for the content of WS and DG in the past four years was technology in mathematics education, and it is to be the main theme for the last session. Presented by Colleen Vale and Carolyn Kieran, the last session is of researches about the integration of technology and mathematics education conducted by PME members since last ICME conference. Both the investigation of psychological and cognitive aspects of learning with technology and socio-cultural aspects of teaching and learning with technology will be reported. Some studies discuss the ways students use technology and others investigate the way in which teachers’ beliefs and knowledge of technology affect their teaching in mathematics. The emphasis is upon teachers, teacher educators, and curriculum writers.

The PME receives numerous submissions of papers each year, and it has been just and appropriate in its accepting and rejecting papers. The following is a description of the reviewing process utilized by the PME:

*Systemized reviewing process: first, 3 reviewers are assigned to each research report (RR) proposal for blind peer review. Two or three recommendations for accept puts the report as RR, while papers that get only one accept are to be taken a further look by two IPC members whether they would be accepted as RR, as short orals (SO) or post presentations (PO), or rejected.*

The number of submissions the PME receives is around 300 in 2008, which need about 900 reviews. Reviewers must be willing and must meet the reviewer’s qualification (one must have presented either two Research Reports in the last five years or presented three Research Reports in the last ten years at a PME conference. Additional reviewers are invited from PME-NA. These are those who have presented at least one Research Report at a past PME conference. However, due to various reasons such as potential reviewers’ reluctance to review papers as well as the inconsistency of research field
scopes, it could be very challenging to find adequate number of reviewers or to match papers with reviewers. Therefore, since year 2007 the PME has adopted a database that includes each member’s records and specialty in the field to enhance the reviewing process. Unlike in the old days, now the three reviewers for each submission are sorted out by computer with the PME reviewer database.

This systematic review process has only been implemented for one year but has proved to be satisfactory. The PME staff will work on to improve its application.

This year (2008, PME32) is an ICME year in which the PME holds the conference with PME-NA. The theme of this year is “History, Education and Cognition”. All members are welcome to attend the PME annual conference in addition to participating the four presentations. In regard to future PME conferences, the PME annual conferences for years 2009 and 2010 will be held in Greek and Brazil respectively, and the location for year 2011 will be decided this year.

Fou-Lai Lin, President of PME
Department of Mathematics
National Taiwan Normal University
88, Sec. 4, Ting-Chou Road
Taipei, TAIWAN
linfl@math.ntnu.edu.tw

Report by IOWME
The International Organization of Women and Mathematics Education

IOWME Activities 2004-2008

The International Organisation of Women and Mathematics Education (IOWME) has continued to provide an international focus for activity related to gender, education and mathematics. It has gained strength during the period 2004 to 2008 and has attracted both new members and new member countries. Our main channel of communication is our website, which is maintained by Sheffield
Hallam University, England, and during the current period we have moved to using electronic communication with members much more generally.

Our newsletter, issued three times a year, has been a success throughout the period and is key in maintaining the IOWME community. The newsletters contain a lively mix of the serious and the not-so-serious with full length academic articles, book reviews, news items from around the world, reports of past and future study group activities, items from ICMI, information about the work of study group members, ideas for teaching, commentary on gender issues in the news, quotations, jokes and cartoons. The newsletters can be viewed at our new website at

http://extra.shu.ac.uk/iowme

It is circulated to our National Co-ordinators in 48 different countries from all five continents. All Co-ordinators can accept electronic copies but where this is difficult the Newsletter Editor also posts out hard copies. The National Co-ordinators then circulate the newsletter to their local members. The Newsletter Editor has also developed new distribution strategies to get the newsletter to as wide an audience as possible, for example, by circulating the announcement of a new issue via relevant email lists. We regard the newsletters as a vital way of keeping IOWME alive and active between ICME conferences.

During the period, the Newsletter Editor has co-ordinated the construction of an extensive bibliography of research from members and others related to gender, education and mathematics. This is also published on the website.

The ICMI Centenary has also involved our members. The International Convenor was one of the co-ordinators of Working Group 3 on the subject of Mathematics Education and Society at the Centennial celebrations in Rome in 2008. Some other members participated in the Working Group and one of the key questions circulated for debate relates to current issues with respect to gender for mathematics education researchers. Work from members (Barnes, 2000; Becker, 1996; Burton, 1999; Fennema, 1996; Forgasz et al, 2000; Grevholm and Hanna, 1995; Leder et al, 1999; Mendick, 2006) informed the Working Group’s background paper which spoke of gender as a key area of structural disadvantage. During the two decades of IOWME activity, the attainment profile for girls in mathematics has changed significantly in a number of countries but issues remain: young women opting out of mathematics; who identifies with mathematics and how; the ways that mathematics classrooms permit and perpetuate unhelpful stereotypes; and many more.

We were also asked to participate in writing a history of IOWME. Two of our members undertook this task: Professor Leone Burton, a very long established member, and Dr Heather Mendick, our Newsletter Editor. Unfortunately, serious ill health overtook Leone and she was unable to continue working on the project and died soon after it was completed. Nevertheless, the Newsletter Editor, using a storying methodology and drawing extensively on writings from other members, was able to finish the project on time and it has been a useful addition to the IOWME archive. Indeed, the project itself led to the creation of a much more substantial archive of IOWME Newsletters and material from satellite groups which in itself is key to an historical sense of the group, newsletters being the main form of communication for members in between Congresses.
We have made plans for IOWME’s contribution to ICME11 in Mexico and hope to contribute towards making the eleventh Congress a rewarding and energising experience. We will produce a flier about the sessions for distribution at the conference and hope that we will attract some new members to the study group. We have asked that the TSG on Gender and Mathematics Education be the forum for academic papers relating to IOWME concerns; Dr Anna Chronaki is representing IOWME on the TSG planning team. In addition, there are two designated IOWME sessions taking place during the Congress. The first is early in the Congress. We will provide a stimulus for discussion at the beginning of this session to open up ideas about current issues related to gender and mathematics education; the event will also be partly social, with an opportunity to meet and greet each other, to welcome new members and to have some mathematical fun together. The second is towards the end of the Congress and will be a business and policy meeting. We will use this session to open up a debate about the future of IOWME. What activities would members like to see? What should the study group be doing between the four-yearly conferences? What suggestions are there for the newsletter? How should it be distributed? Are there any other ways to keep in touch? Elections of officers for 2008 to 2012 will follow — we will definitely need an International Convener and a Newsletter Editor — we have found it helpful (though not essential) to be from institutions in the same country so that we have been able to meet face to face. We may wish to consider other possible jobs — for example, do we need someone to look after the website? There will be a final discussion about the way we have worked at the conference and suggestions for ICME 12.

Hilary Povey, International Convenor
Mathematics Education Centre
Sheffield Hallam University
UK
h.povey@shu.ac.uk

Heather Mendick, Newsletter Editor
Institute for Policy Studies in Education
London Metropolitan University
UK
h.mendick@londonmet.ac.uk

ICMI Affiliated Study Groups Websites
The homepages of the five ICMI Affiliated Study Groups are located at the following addresses:
- HPM: http://www.clab.edc.uoc.gr/HPM/
- ICTMA: http://www.ictma.net/
- IOWME: http://extra.shu.ac.uk/iowme/
- PME: http://igpme.org/
Report by WFNMC
The World Federation of
National Mathematics Competitions

WFNMC Activities 2004-2008

The Federation appeared as a natural response to the need of international collaboration in the field of Mathematics Competitions. It was founded in 1984 during the fifth International Congress on Mathematical Education (ICME-5) held in Adelaide, Australia, and became an Affiliated Study Group of ICMI in 1994. The major activities of the Federation are:

- Regular conduction of a Conference (every even-numbered year after ICME);
- Recognition (through the Federation Award “Paul Erdös”) of persons with outstanding achievements in detection, motivation and development of mathematically talented young people;
- Publication (twice yearly) of the Journal “Mathematics Competitions” and continuous development and maintenance of the web-site of the Federation;
- Participation in Projects initiated and supported by other organizations;
- Conduction of “Business Meetings” of the Federation where organizational matters are considered; and
- Participation in Discussion Groups and Topic Study Groups at ICME’s.

The most notable event for WFNMC in the period 2004 - 2008 was the 5th Conference of the Federation which took place in Cambridge, England, from July 22 to July 28, 2006. It was very successful and a great experience as well. Robinson College in Cambridge provided excellent atmosphere for participants and a good framework for academic activities. The Program included interesting plenary lectures delivered by Maria de Losada, Ben Green, Jozsef Pelikan, Robin Wilson and Simon Singh. There were parallel sessions in order to accommodate all willing to talk. In the morning sessions the participants worked in small groups on “problem creation and improvement”. Competitions and competition-related activities were the major object of attention.
The small tours around historical heart of Cambridge and the Trinity College Reception provided additional inspiration for the participants. Other social events and Accompanying Persons Program also left valuable memories. Very important is the fact that there were many new (and young) persons who liked participation at such a conference. Special thanks are due to the organizers for their efforts and desire to make the conference a memorable success: Tony Gardiner and his wife Gwyn, Adam Mc Bride, Bill Richardson and Howard Groves.

During the Conference a meeting of the Executive Committee of WFNMC took place at which Prof. Agnis Andzans (accompanied by two more Latvian colleagues Dace Bonka and Inese Bersina) reiterated the proposal for hosting the next Conference of WFNMC. The Executive Committee accepted the proposal. The 6th Conference of WFNMC will be held in Riga, Latvia, in 2010. The organizers will be supported by the University of Latvia and the Latvian Academy of Sciences.

For more information about the Cambridge Conference one could visit its official web-site (http://www.wpr3.co.uk/wfnmc/). Traces of the atmosphere and the spirit of the Conference could be felt also at the Photo Gallery posted by the Australian Mathematics Trust (http://www.amt.canberra.edu.au/wfnmcpo3.html). In particular, some of the pictures capture the moments when the Erdős Award winners for year 2006 Simon Chua (Philippines) and Alexander Soifer (USA) receive their awards during the Opening Session of the Conference. Unfortunately, the third winner, Ali Rejali (Iran), could not participate in the Conference and did not get his award. A more detailed description of the achievements of the awarded persons could be found in *ICMI Bulletin* No. 58, (June 2006) pp. 35-37.

According to the regulations of the Federation, the Paul Erdős Award is given every two years to up to three winners. The procedure includes several phases: nomination, refereeing, assessment by the Award Committee and final approval of the award recipients by the Executive Committee. For the year 2008 the Award Committee chaired by Peter Taylor proposed, and the Executive Committee approved, the following persons as recipients of Paul Erdős Award of the Federation:

- **Hans-Dietrich Gronau**, Rostock, Germany;
- **Bruce Henry**, Melbourne, Australia;
- **Leou Shian**, Kaohsiung, Taiwan.

As written in http://www.amt.canberra.edu.au/wfnmcann08.html, **Hans-Dietrich (Diter) Gronau** participated in the IMO in Bucharest in 1969, where he won a Bronze Medal. He holds a PhD from Rostock University. From 1971 to 1985 he was an examiner and coordinator in the East German Olympiad training program. From 1969 to 1986 he was a trainer, examiner and personal teacher of students in the club of young mathematicians in the Neubrandenburg district. He was Deputy Leader and then Leader of the East German IMO team for several years until 1990. After Unification of Germany he became the Chairman of the united Mathematical Olympiad Organisation for all of Germany and he has been chief trainer, deputy leader and team leader until the present time. Since 1991 he has also been a member of the organisation of the Bundeswettbewerbes Mathematik, which was the organisation with West German origin. Essentially he has overseen the unification of the two German competition organisations into the cohesive national framework Germany has today. Since 2005 Dieter Gronau has also been leading the North German teams in the Baltic Way competition.
**Bruce Henry** is now retired from an academic post at Deakin University in Melbourne, where over many years he trained many of the teachers now serving in his state of Victoria. He holds a BSc and DipEd at the University of Melbourne and MScEd from the University of Western Australia. His key role and exceptional achievement was in founding in 1991 the Mathematics Challenge for Young Australians, an enrichment program supported by the Australian Government and attracting about 23,000 students annually. The program has three stages. The first stage is a problem solving event in which students between Years 5 and 10 have three weeks to solve a number of problems, which develop from elementary ideas and can develop to quite advanced ideas in steps. The second stage, known as the Enrichment stage, comprises formal coursework extending students’ skills and knowledge beyond classroom experience, particularly exploring mathematical concepts such as proof, and also extending knowledge in traditional mathematics disciplines and extending problem solving expertise. This stage attracts entries from other countries in Australia's region. The third and final stage is a national Olympiad for students up to Year 10. Bruce Henry remained as Director of this program until recently.

Bruce has also made major and significant contributions to mathematics learning for over 30 years in his state of Victoria both with curriculum input and as an official examiner, including Chief Examiner. He has also written more than 40 books for teachers and students. He is also a prolific problem composer and lectures on exploratory mathematics related to problem solving.

Professor **Leou Shian** was a long time professor of Mathematics at the National Kaohsiung Normal University, where he also served as Vice President and Dean of the College of Science. He holds a PhD from Indiana University. In 1999 he founded the Invitational World Youth Mathematics Intercity Competition, which attracts entries from all around the world but is particularly strong in southern and eastern Asia. This event is for students up to year 9, and has been hosted by cities in Taiwan, Philippines, India and China. He gave a plenary lecture on this event at the 3rd Conference of WFNMC in Zhong Shan, China, 1998.

In 1998 Professor Leou founded the Regional Internet Mathematics Competition in Taiwan to arouse the interest in mathematics of students from primary schools to senior secondary schools in Taiwan and to appreciate the links between mathematics and everyday life. This contest now attracts 8000 students annually. Since 1993 Professor Leou has served as a member of the Taiwan Mathematical Olympiad Committee and has been actively involved in training students to represent Taiwan in the IMO and APMO and served as leader and deputy leader of Taiwan teams on a number of occasions.

Professor Leou has also enabled Taiwan students to enter other international competitions and has organised winter camps to provide popularisation and enrichment activities in mathematics for students in Kaohsiung and Pingtung Counties and assisting primary schools in southern Taiwan to prepare teams for participation in the annual international mathematics competition in Hong Kong for primary students.

Since its very beginning (as “Newsletter of WFNMC”), the Journal “Mathematics Competitions” (see http://www.amt.canberra.edu.au/wfnmcj.html) has been playing a special role in the life of the Federation. It publishes materials concerning all aspects of competitions and other related activities:
Problem solving, Problem creation, Pieces of interesting mathematics, Know-How on organization of competitions, Statistical studies on competition results, Gender issues, etc. This way it has been disseminating new and fruitful ideas coming from different parts of the world. The Journal records also the life of the Federation. It is published by the Australian Mathematics Trust (AMT) Publishing on behalf of WFNMC and comes out in June and December every year. AMT cares also to deliver the Journal free of charge to people from countries which cannot afford a subscription for the Journal. Warren Atkins was Editor of this Journal from its beginning (1985) till the business meeting of WFNMC during ICME-10 in Copenhagen (July 4 -11, 2004) where, upon his request, the role of Editor of “Mathematics Competitions” was passed to Jaroslav Švrček from Palacky University in Olomouc, Czech Republic.

The Australian Mathematics Trust supports also the development and the regular maintenance of the web-site (see http://www.amt.canberra.edu.au/wfnmc.html) of WFNMC.

The members of WFNMC regularly participate in Projects initiated and supported by other organizations. Three examples are given here in order to illustrate what is meant.

In ICME-10 (Copenhagen, 2004), the members of WFNMC played a decisive role in the Discussion Group 16 “The role of competitions in mathematics education” (http://www.amt.canberra.edu.au/icme10dg16.html).

Members of the Federation are key players in the ongoing ICMI Study 16 “Challenging Mathematics in and beyond the Classroom” (http://www.amt.canberra.edu.au/icmis16.html ) which is co-chaired by Ed Barbeau and Peter Taylor.

Several members of WFNMC participated in the development of the Project “MATHEU” (http://www.matheu.org/), which was carried out with the support of the European Community within the framework of the Socrates Programme. The outcomes of MATHEU Project are oriented toward the creation of Challenging Environment by means of which higher ability students in European schools will get identified, motivated and supported.

The name of the Federation leaves the impression that its major goals are related to competitions only. To some extent, this may have been the case in the earlier stages of development of the organization when, in 1988, on page 2 of Vol. 1, No 1, of the journal “Mathematics Competitions” one can find the statement:

“The foundation members of the Federation hope that it will provide a focal point for people interested in, and concerned with, running national mathematics competitions; that it will become a resource centre for exchanging information and ideas on national competitions; and that it will create and cement professional links between mathematicians around the world.”

In later issues of the same journal one can trace the evolution of the vision for Federation’s goals toward improving mathematics education in general. The official viewpoint is now expressed in the

“The World Federation of National Mathematics Competitions is a voluntary organization, created through the inspiration of Professor Peter O’Halloran of Australia, that aims to promote excellence in mathematics education and to provide those persons interested in promoting mathematics education through mathematics contests an opportunity of meeting and exchanging information.”

The wider viewpoint on the goals of the Federation is outlined also in the Policy Statement (see http://www.olympiad.org/wfnmcpol02.html — adopted at the Federation’s Conference in Melbourne, Australia in 2002):

“The scope of activities of interest to the WFNMC, although centered on competitions for students of all levels (primary, secondary and tertiary), is much broader than the competitions themselves. The WFNMC aims to provide a vehicle for educators to exchange information on a number of activities related to mathematics and mathematics learning…”

The Federation provides also opportunities for competition related activities in the field of Informatics.

Further information about the goals, the essence and the history of WFNMC could be found in the official web-site of the Symposium on the Occasion of the 100th Anniversary of ICMI (Rome, 5–8 March 2008) — see http://www.icmihistory.unito.it/wfnmc.php. Another kind of information (arguments on the role of competitions for mathematics education, for attracting talent to science, for educational institutions and for the whole society) is contained in the invited lecture presented by Petar S. Kenderov at Section 19 (“Mathematics Education and Popularization of Mathematics”) at the International Congress of Mathematicians in Madrid, 2006 — see Proceedings of the International Congress of Mathematicians, Madrid, Spain, 2006, p.1583 – 1598.

Petar S. Kenderov, President of WFNMC
Institute of Mathematics and Informatics,
Acad. G. Bonchev-Street, Block 8,
1113 Sofia, BULGARIA
kenderovp@cc.bas.bg
Report by ICTMA
The International Study Group for Mathematical Modelling and Applications

ICTMA Activities 2004-2008

The work of the ICTMA group is strongly centred around the biennial conference series, the International Conference on the Teaching of Mathematical Modelling and Applications. At this conference many researchers from all over the world, who are working in this field, meet and discuss relevant research problems. This conference series has taken place since 1983 and provides a forum for discussing all aspects of teaching applications and modelling in all areas and at all levels of mathematics education — from primary to secondary schools, at colleges and universities.

In the reporting interval two out of this conference series took place, about which we will report in the following. In 2005, ICTMA12 was held at City University in London in July of 2005, at the time of the London bombings. Chris Haines of CITY University London was Conference Chair and first editor of the Proceedings and took leading responsibility for both the organizational and academic commitments of the conference. Despite the disruption caused by the bombings many members out of the research field attended the conference. The resultant book (Haines, C., Galbraith, P., Blum, W. & Khan, S. (2007). (Eds.). Mathematical modelling (ICTMA 12): Education, Engineering and economics. Chichester, UK: Horwood Publishing) contains 49 chapters from a wide cross-section of countries as participants came from more than 30 countries. In his preface to the book, Chris Haines points out that “The effective practice, teaching and learning of mathematical modelling and applications play major roles in enabling successful activity within industry, business and commerce, and education. Mathematical modelling permeates society and so it is very appropriate that ICTMA contributions cover the whole spectrum of mathematicians, engineers and scientists, modellers in industry, government and finance, and teachers and researchers in schools and universities” (Haines, 2007, p. v). Models, modelling and applications for education, business and the professions featured strongly in the conference academic programme. Julian Hunt FRS gave a comprehensive overview of some of the big problems faced by modellers in applied mathematics (Hunt, 2007) whilst Kate Barker (2007), a member of the monetary policy committee of the Bank of England, discussed the range of issues that arise from the use of economic models and the importance of recognising the context when selling particular models to the bank’s clients. Peter Galbraith (2007) pointed out that there are yet “more windmills to conquer” in the area of mathematical modelling and applications to the real world taking a stronghold in classrooms but we can dream a ‘possible dream’. Katja Maaß (2007) added to previous attempts to flesh out the concept of “modelling competencies” by giving participants a window into what students in her research classrooms learnt from engaging in modelling. Celia Hoyles and Richard Noss (2007) reported on the design of a programming environment for students to build models of their mathematical and scientific knowledge and a set of web-based collaboration
tools to share ideas and programmed models. It was hoped that by constructing and sharing models students would develop deeper understanding of concepts and the relationships between them.

In 2007 there were two major ICTMA events, the ICTMA 13 Conference at Indiana University in Bloomington, USA, and a formal satellite conference at the University of Nepal, Kathmandu. The satellite conference was hosted by Bhadra Tulhadhar in the last week of June, 2007. Five plenary lectures were given by Harald Krogstad (Norway), Francois-Xavier Le-Dimet (France), Vinod Saxena (India), Dr. Hans-Wolfgang Henn, (Germany) and Daniel Clark Orey (USA). A total of 140 participants from 11 countries attended.

Richard Lesh was the chief organiser of ICTMA 13 which was hosted by Indiana University in collaboration with Purdue University, INSPIRE project, and the United States Air Force Academy at Fort Worth. In addition to the delegates in Bloomington, delegates to the Modelling in Mathematics Learning Workshop at Makerere University in Kampala in Uganda participated in some sessions via internet link. The Plenary lectures were as follows: “Modelling Theory for Math and Science Education” — David Hestenes (USA), “Priorities in a Research Agenda for Engineering Education” — Barbara Olds (USA), “Modelling to Address Techno-Mathematical Literacies in Work” — Richard Noss and Celia Hoyles (UK) and “Modelling a Crucial Aspect of Students’ Mathematical Modelling” — Mogens Niss (Denmark). A total of 53 papers were presented at the conference. Several discussion groups operated throughout the conference. There were 157 delegates from 18 countries but the vast majority were from the United States. Interesting discussions took place in many working groups with different themes such as teacher education, role of technology, modelling examples at various levels, data modelling or differences between modelling and traditional problem solving. The proceedings us under its way and will be edited by Richard Lesh as first editor.

At ICTMA 13 a general meeting was held, where Peter Galbraith (Australia), the president of ICTMA from 2003 to 2007 resigned. As new president, Prof. Gabriele Kaiser (Germany) was elected for the period of 2007-2011. Furthermore a new executive committee was elected, which has now the following members.

- previous ICTMA Conference Chairs, i.e. Chris Haines (UK, ICTMA 12, Secretary) and Richard Lesh (USA, ICTMA 13)
- Elected Members: Toshikazu Ikeda (Japan), Thomas Lingefjord (Sweden), Gloria Stillman (Australia, Newsletter editor)
- co-opted members: Jonei Barbosa (Brazil), Katja Maaß (Germany), Jinxing Xie (China, Webmaster and List serve moderator)

The next ICTMA (ICTMA 14) will take place in 2009 on 27th-July to 31st July 2009 in Hamburg, chaired by Gabriele Kaiser, where a variety of activities is planned, covering plenary lectures, paper presentations and working groups. ICTMA 15 will be in Melbourne in 2011.

Apart from these activities several regional conferences on applications and modelling took place, in which members of ICTMA participated in decisive roles. In November 2007 a national conference on modelling in mathematics education took place in the Brazilian city of Ouro Preto, organised by the Federal University of Ouro Preto and the Federal University of Minas Gerais, which was attended by
350 participants. Gabriele Kaiser as president of ICTMA attended this conference and gave a plenary lecture on different perspectives on applications and modelling. The already long lasting interest on applications and modelling in Brazil is reflected by the founding of a research centre for mathematical modelling in teaching at the University Regional of Blumenau, headed by Maria Salett Biembengut.

Furthermore at the last two conferences of the European researchers in mathematics education, CERME 4 in Spain and CERME 5 in Cyprus, a working on applications and modelling in mathematics education was organised by members of the ICTMA group. At the sessions of the working group researchers from other continents participated as well apart from European participants. A selection of papers discussed at CERME 4 enriched with other papers were published in ZDM — Zentralblatt für Didaktik der Mathematik, issues 2 and 3 in 2006. The work of the group in 2005 continued in 2007, especially a classification system of perspectives on modelling and applications was refined. This work will hopefully be continued in 2009 at CERME 6 in France.

Additionally the four editors of the Proceedings of ICMI Study 14 “Modelling and Applications in Mathematics Education” (Werner Blum, Peter Galbraith, Hans-Wolfgang Henn, and Mogens Niss) are members of the ICTMA, and their work on the Study Volume (recently published by Springer) may be seen also as a contribution carrying the signature of the Affiliated Study Group.

More information on the activities of the group can be found at the website of ICTMA: http://www.ictma.net/

**Gabriele Kaiser.** President of ICTMA,  
Faculty of Education, Didactics of Mathematics  
University of Hamburg  
20146 Hamburg, GERMANY  
gabriele.kaiser@uni-hamburg.de

**ICTMA Newsletter**

ICTMA — the International Study Group for Mathematical Modelling and Applications, one of ICMI fie Affiliated Study groups — has recently launched a newsletter. It can be downloaded from the ICTMA website, at the url

http://www.ictma.net/newsletter.htm
ICMI REPRESENTATIVES

(Readers are asked to notify the Secretary-General of any error in or change to this list. ICMI Representatives whose e-mail addresses do not appear below should provide this information to the Secretary-General at their earliest convenience.)

ARGENTINA  Professor Norma Cristina Pietrocola
Olimpiada Matematica Argentina
Santa Fe 3312 - 9o Piso
(1425) Buenos Aires
ARGENTINA
norma@oma.org.ar

ARMENIA  Professor, Dr. Samvel Haroutunian
Chair of Higher Algebra and Geometry
Armenian State Pedagogical University
Yerevan
ARMENIA
S_Haroutunian@netsys.am

AUSTRALIA  Dr. Judy Mousley
School of Education
Deakin University
Geelong, VIC 3217
AUSTRALIA
judith.mousley@deakin.edu.au

AUSTRIA  Professor, Dr. Wolfgang Schlöglmann
Institut für Didaktik der Mathematik
Universität Linz
A-4040 Linz
AUSTRIA
wolfgang.schloeglmann@jku.at

BANGLADESH  Professor S.M. Sharfuddin
58 Lake Circus
Kalabagan, Dhaka-1205
BANGLADESH

BELGIUM  Professor Dirk Janssens
Kath. Universiteit Leuven
Department of Mathematics
Celestijnenlaan 200B  
B-3001 Leuven  
BELGIUM  
dirk.janssens@wis.kuleuven.be

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Contact Person</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA</td>
<td>Not known</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| BOTSWANA                      | Mr. B.J. Radipotsane                                 | Ministry of Education  
Private Bag 005, Gaborone  
BOTSWANA                                                                 |
| BRAZIL                        | Professor Yuriko Yamamoto Baldin                    | Department of Mathematics  
Universidade Federal de São Carlos  
Rodovia Washington Luís, km 235 – SP-310  
São Carlos, SP 13565-905  
BRAZIL  
yuriko@dm.ufscar.br             |
| BRUNEI DARUSSALAM              | Not known                                           |                                                                        |
| BULGARIA                      | Dr. Evgenia Sendova                                  | Institute of Mathematics and Informatics  
of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences  
Acad. G. Bonchev str., bl.8  
1113 Sofia  
BULGARIA  
jenny@math.bas.bg               |
| CAMEROON                      | Professor Henri Hogbe-Nlend                          | Société Mathématique du Cameroun  
BP 12041 Yaoundé  
CAMEROUN  
hhogbenlend@yahoo.fr, h2n@camnet.cm |
| CANADA                        | Professor Peter Taylor                               | Department of Math & Stats  
Queen's University  
Kingston, ON K7L 3N6  
CANADA  
peter.taylor@queensu.ca         |
CHILE

Professor **Rubi Rodriguez**
Facultad de Matemáticas
Pontificia Universidad Catolica de Chile
Casilla 306, Correo 22
Santiago
CHILE
rubi@mat.puc.cl

CHINA

Chinese Mathematical Society
Professor **Yin-Bo Zhang**
School of Mathematics
Beijing Normal University
100875 Beijing
CHINA
zhangyb@bnu.edu.cn

Mathematical Society located in Taipei, China
Professor **Wann-Sheng Horng**
88 Section 4, Tingchou Road
Taipei 116
TAIWAN
horng@math.ntnu.edu.tw

COLOMBIA

*Not known*

COSTA RICA

Professor **B. Montero**
Asociación Matemática Costarricense
Escuela de Matemática
Universidad de Costa Rica
San José
COSTA RICA

CROATIA

Professor **Mirko Polonijo**
Matematički odjel PMF
Bijenicka cesta 30
41000 Zagreb
CROATIA
polonijo@math.hr

CUBA

Dr. **Virginia Alvarez Suarez**
Dpto. de Teoría de Funciones, Facultad de Matemática y Computación
Universidad de la Habana
San Lazaro y L, Vedado
Habana 4
CUBA
virginia@matcom.uh.cu

CZECH REPUBLIC  Professor **Jan Chvalina**
Mathematics Department, Pedagogical Faculty
Masaryk University
Porící 31, 603 00 Brno
CZECH REPUBLIC
chvalina@jumbo.ped.muni.cz

DENMARK  Professor **Hans Christian Hansen**
Copenhagen College of Teacher Education
Bybjergvej 25
2740 Skovlunde
DENMARK
Hans.Christian.Hansen@skolekom.dk

ECUADOR  Professor **David F. Hervas**
Departamento de Matemáticas
Universidad San Francisco de Quito
PO Box 17-1200-841
Quito
ECUADOR
dhervas@usfq.edu.ec

EGYPT  Professor **Attia A. Ashour**
Faculty of Science
Cairo University
Giza
EGYPT
ashour@frcu.eun.eg

ESTONIA  Professor **Mati Abel**
J. Liivi 2 Str.
Faculty of Mathematics and Computer Science
University of Tartu
50409 Tartu
ESTONIA
mati.abel@ut.ee

FINLAND  Professor **Pekka Koskela**
Department of Mathematics and Statistics
P.O. Box 35 (MaD)
University of Jyväskylä
FIN-40014 Jyväskylä
FINLAND
pkoskela@maths.jyu.fi

FRANCE
Professor Alain Kuzniak
IUFM Orléans-Tours
La Guignière — Bel air — B.P. 16
F-37230 Fondettes
FRANCE
alain.kuzniak@orleans-tours.iufm.fr

GEORGIA
Professor Tengiz Buchukuri
A. Razmadze Mathematical Institute
Georgian Academy of Sciences
1, M. Alekside Str.
Tbilisi 0193
GEORGIA
buchuk@rmi.acnet.ge

GERMANY
Professor, Dr. Günter Törner
Fachbereich Mathematik
Gerhard-Mercator-Universität
Gesamthochschule Duisburg, Lotharstr. 65
D-47048 Duisburg
GERMANY
guenter.toerner@uni-due.de

GHANA
Professor D.A. Akyeampong
Department of Mathematics
University of Ghana
P.O.Box 62, Legon, Accra
GHANA

GREECE
Professor Georgios M. Dimakos
Academy of Athens
28 Panepistimiou St.
10679 Athens
GREECE
gdimakos@primedu.uoa.gr

HONG KONG
Mr. Pak-Hong Cheung
Munsang College (HK Island)
26 Tai On Street
Sai Wan Ho
HONG KONG
phcheung@imsc.edu.hk

HUNGARY
Mr. Janos Pataki
Fazekas M. Fovarosi Gyakorlo Gimnaziun
Horvath M. ter 8
H-1082 Budapest
HUNGARY
jsp@freemail.hu

ICELAND
Professor Gudmundur Birgisson
Iceland University of Education
v/ Stakkahlið
IS-105 Reykjavik
ICELAND
gbirgis@khi.is

INDIA
Professor R. C. Cowsik
Department of Mathematics
University of Bombay, Vidyanagari
Bombay 400098
INDIA
cowsik@math.mu.ac.in

INDONESIA
Dr. Sutarto Hadi
Department of Mathematics Education
Faculty of Teacher Training and Education
Lambung Mangkurat University
d/a Kampus FKIP Unlam
Jl. Brigjen H. Hasan Basry
Banjarmasin – 70123
INDONESIA
sutarto_hadi@yahoo.com

IRAN
Professor Ali Rejali
School of Mathematics
Isfahan University of Technology
Isfahan 84156
IRAN
a_rejali@cc.iut.ac.ir

IRELAND
Professor Maurice OReilly
Mathematics Department
St Patrick’s College
Drumcondra
Dublin 9
IRELAND
maurice.oreilly@spd.dcu.ie

**ISRAEL**
Professor **Avi Berman**
Department of Mathematics
The Technion
Haifa 32000
ISRAEL
berman@tx.technion.ac.il

**ITALY**
Professor **Ferdinando Arzarello**
Università degli Studi di Torino
Dipartimento di Matematica
Via Carlo Alberto 10
10123 Torino
ITALY
arzarello@dm.unito.it

**IVORY COAST**
Mr. **Soma Traore**
Institut de Recherches Mathématiques (IRMA)
08 B.P. 2030 Abidjan 08
IVORY COAST
traoresoma@yahoo.fr

**JAPAN**
Professor **Yasuo Morita**
Mathematical Institute
Tohoku University
Aoba, Aramaki
Aoba-Ku, Sendai 980-8578
JAPAN
morita@math.tohoku.ac.jp

**KAZAKHSTAN**
*Not known*

**REPUBLIC OF KOREA**
Professor **Sung Je Cho**
Department of Mathematics Education
College of Education
Seoul National University
Seoul, 151-742
REPUBLIC OF KOREA
sungjcho@snu.ac.kr
KUWAIT  
Not known

KYRGYZSTAN  
Not known

LATVIA  
Dr. Ilze France  
IZM ISEC  
Valnu Street 2  
LV-1050 Riga  
LATVIA  
ilze.france@isec.gov.lv

LITHUANIA  
Professor Eugenijus Stankus  
Department of Didactics of Mathematics  
Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics  
Vilnius University  
Naugarduko 24,  
LT-03225 Vilnius  
LITHUANIA  
Eugenijus.Stankus@maf.vu.lt

LUXEMBOURG  
Professor Jean-Claude Delagardelle  
Centre Universitaire de Luxembourg  
162 A, avenue de la Faïencerie  
L-1511 Luxembourg  
LUXEMBOURG  
jean-claude.delagardelle@education.lu

MALAWI  
Inspector for Mathematics  
c/o Secretary for Education & Culture  
Ministry of Education & Culture  
Private Bag 328, Capital City, Lilongwe 3  
MALAWI

MALAYSIA  
Professor Abu Osman Md. Tap  
School of Mathematical Sciences, Faculty of Science and Technology  
Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia  
43600 UKM Bangi, Selangor DE  
MALAYSIA  
abu@pkrisc.cc.ukm.my

MEXICO  
Dr. Emilio Lluis-Riera  
Instituto de Matemáticas  
Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México  
Circuito Exterior, Ciudad Universitaria
Coyoacan, D.F. 04510
MEXICO
emilio@matem.unam.mx

MOZAMBIQUE
Dr. Abdulcarimo Ismael
Head of Department of Mathematics
Higher Pedagogical Institute (I.S.P.)
C.P. 3276, Maputo
MOZAMBIQUE
abulcarimoismael@hotmail.com

NETHERLANDS
Dr. Wim Kleijne
Zwette 130
8446 ML Heerenveen
NETHERLANDS
wim.kleijne@xs4all.nl

NEW ZEALAND
Dr. Glenda Anthony
Technology, Science and Mathematics Education
College of Education
Massey University
PB 11222, Palmerston North
NEW ZEALAND
G.J.Anthony@massey.ac.nz

NIGERIA
Dr. Sam O. Ale
Abubakar Tafawa Balewa College
School of Science and Science Education
Ahmadu Ballo University
Bauchi Campus, Bauchi
NIGERIA
samalenmc@yahoo.com

NORWAY
Dr. Kari Hag
Department of Mathematical Sciences
NTNU - Norwegian University of Science and Technology
NO-7491 Trondheim
NORWAY
Kari.Hag@math.ntnu.no

PAKISTAN
Not known

PERU
Not known
PHILIPPINES  Professor Catherine P. Vistro-Yu  
Mathematics Department  
Ateneo de Manila University  
Katipunan Avenue, Loyola Heights  
Quezon City 1108  
PHILIPPINES  
 cvistro-yu@ateneo.edu  

POLAND  Professor Zbigniew Marciniak  
Institute of Mathematics  
University of Warsaw,  
Banacha 2  
02-097 Warszawa  
POLAND  
Z.Marciniak@mimuw.edu.pl  

PORTUGAL  Professor António St. Aubyn  
Department of Mathematics  
Universidade Técnica de Lisboa  
Lisboa  
PORTUGAL  
 staubyn@isa.utl.pt  

ROMANIA  Professor Vasile Berinde  
Department of Mathematics and Computer Science, Faculty of Sciences  
North University of Baia Mare  
Victoriei Nr. 76  
430122 Baia Mare  
ROMANIA  
vberinde@ubm.ro, vasile_berinde@yahoo.com  

RUSSIA  Professor Yuri Nesterenko  
Moscow State University  
Faculty of Mechanics and Mathematics  
119899, Moscow  
RUSSIA  
nester@orc.ru  

SAUDI ARABIA  Not known  

SENEGAL  Professor Mamadou SANGHARÉ  
Département de Mathématiques – Informatique  
Université de Cheikh Anta Diop  
Dakar
ICMI Bulletin No. 62

SENEGAL
mamsanghare@ucad.sn

SERBIA
Professor Zoran Kadelburg
Faculty of Mathematics
University of Belgrade
Studentski trg 16/IV
11000 Belgrade
SERBIA
kadelbur@matf.bg.ac.yu

SINGAPORE
Dr. Berinderjeet Kaur
Math & Math Education AG
National Institute of Education
1 Nanyang Walk
Singapore 637616
SINGAPORE
berinderjeet.kaur@nie.edu.sg

SLOVAKIA
Professor Vladislav Rosa
Faculty of Mathematics and Physics
Comenius University
Mlynská dolina
842 15 Bratislava
SLOVAKIA
vladislav.rosa@fmph.uniba.sk

SLOVENIA
Dr. Damjan Kobal
Department of Mathematics
University of Ljubljana
Jadranska 19
1000 Ljubljana
SLOVENIA
Damjan.Kobal@fmf.uni-lj.si

SOUTH AFRICA
Professor Mamokgethi Setati
College of Science, Engineering and Technology
University of South Africa
P. O. Box 392, UNISA, 0003
Pretoria
SOUTH AFRICA
setatrm@unisa.ac.za

SPAIN
Professor Tomás Recio
Departamento de Matemáticas, Estadística y Computación
Facultad de Ciencias
Universidad de Cantabria
39071 Santander
SPAIN
tomas.recio@unican.es

SWAZILAND  Mr. E.D. Bicknell
William Pitcher College
P.O.Box 1473, Manzini
SWAZILAND

SWEDEN  Prof. Christer Bergsten
Department of Mathematics
Linköping University
S-581 83 Linköping
SWEDEN
chber@mai.liu.se

SWITZERLAND  Professor Urs Kirchgraber
Mathematik ETH-Zentrum
CH-8092 Zürich
SWITZERLAND
kirchgra@math.ethz.ch

THAILAND  Professor Siriporn Thipkong
Faculty of Education
Kasetsart University
Bangkok 10900
THAILAND
fedusit@ku.ac.th

TUNISIA  Professor Hikma Smida
Université Al Manar
Faculté des sciences de Tunis.
Département de mathématiques
Campus Universitaire
2092, Al Manar
TUNISIA
hikma.smida@ipest.rnu.tn

TURKEY  Not known
UKRAINE  Professor Perestyuk Nikolai Alekseevich
Department of Mechanics and Mathematics
Kiev National Taras Shevchenko University
Vladimirskaya, 64
01033 Kiev
UKRAINE
pmo@univ.kiev.ua

UNITED KINGDOM  Dr Sue Sanders
Department of Education
University of Wales Swansea
Hendrefoelan
Swansea SA2 7NB
UK
s.e.sanders@swansea.ac.uk

UNITED STATES  Dr Francis (Skip) Fennell
OF AMERICA  Professor of Education
McDaniel College
2 College Hill
Westminster, MD 21157
USA
ffennell@mcdaniel.edu

URUGUAY  Not known

VENEZUELA  Dr Sabrina Garbin
Departamento de Matemáticas Puras y Aplicadas
Universidad Simón Bolívar, Sartenejas.
Caracas 1080
VENEZUELA
sgarbin@usb.ve

VIET NAM  Professor Nguyen Van Mau
Hanoi University of Science
334 Nguyen Trai Str.
Hanoi
VIET NAM
maunv@vnu.edu.vn

ZAMBIA  Not known